

Effect of Age

The effect of age on the pharmacokinetics of verteporfin was investigated using data from BPD 001, BPD PK 001A/B and BPD OCR 001. In the case of BPD 001 (study in patients with skin cancer), the effect of age was assessed by comparing the pharmacokinetic parameters in patients 65 years and older with those aged less than 65 years. For the analysis of BPD 001 data, an ANCOVA model (after determining that no interaction was present between the main effects) was used with the dose as a covariate. This analysis was applied to the main verteporfin pharmacokinetic parameters (AUC_{0-t} , AUC_{inf} and C_{max}). Results (Table 18) show that the mean observed parameter values for the two age categories do not differ significantly, except for AUC_{0-t} (32% higher for subjects 65 years and older)

TABLE 18: Analysis of the Effect of Age on Verteporfin Pharmacokinetics

Pharmacokinetic Parameters	<65 Years (n=14)		≥65 Years (n=7)		Age Category Effect ^a <i>P</i> values
	mean ^b	CV ^b	mean ^b	CV ^b	
AUC_{0-t} ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{h}/\text{mL}$)	2.66	(24%)	3.50	(19%)	.022
AUC_{inf} ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{h}/\text{mL}$)	2.91	(27%)	3.70	(21%)	.066
C_{max} ($\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$)	1.03	(21%)	1.14	(20%)	.334

Data from the BPD 001 clinical study report.

^a ANCOVA with age category and gender as factors, and dose as a covariate (significant in all cases).

^b Least squares means and coefficient of variation.

Another comparison was performed between the patients and healthy volunteers less than 65 years old, versus 65 years and older, who participated in Studies BPD OCR 001 or BPD PK 001A/B. In these studies, participants received a dose of $6 \text{ mg}/\text{m}^2$ via a 10-minute infusion.

Because of the limited sample collection in study BPD OCR 001, the age effect assessment with BPD PK 001A/B and BPD OCR 001 studies was limited to the assessment of the differences of plasma concentrations measured 10 and 20 minutes after the start of the 10-minute infusion of $6 \text{ mg}/\text{m}^2$ verteporfin. A simple one-way ANOVA was used to compare the two age categories for these two time points. The group of subjects less than 65 years old who provided a 10-minute sample was composed of 19 healthy volunteers of BPD PK 001A/B. For the 20-minute timepoint, 20 healthy volunteers of BPD PK 001A/B and 6 patients of BPD OCR 001 provided a sample. All subjects 65 years and older were from BPD OCR 001 (n=7 and 28, for the 10- and 20-minute timepoints, respectively). All participants in this analysis had their sample taken within 5 minutes of target sampling time.

TABLE 19: Analysis of the Effect of Age on Verteporfin Pharmacokinetics

Plasma sampling time	<65 Years		≥65 Years		Age Category Effect <i>P</i> values
	mean ^b	range	mean ^b	range	
10 minutes	1.25 (N=19)	(0.37-1.68)	1.51 (N=7)	(1.24-1.82)	.034
20 minutes	0.56 (N=26)	(0.22-1.12)	0.78 (N=28)	(0.51-1.20)	.0001

Conclusions

- The mean C_{max} values were similar (1.03 versus 1.14 $\mu\text{g/mL}$), in the patients with skin cancer less than 65 years old and those 65 years and older, respectively.
- A statistically significant difference was observed between AUC_{0-t} values ($P=0.022$) and, although not statistically significant, a trend toward an age-related difference was observed between AUC_{inf} values ($P=0.066$). Mean values were 32% and 27% higher for AUC_{0-t} and AUC_{inf} , respectively in the ≥65 years old category (patients in skin cancer).
- Significant differences were seen in the 10 minute and 20 minute plasma concentrations in a comparison between the age of healthy subjects and patients combined.

Will dosage adjustment be necessary in the elderly population?

- Age related macular degeneration is a condition in the elderly only and the prevalence of the disease increases with age, hence the differences observed may not be of clinical significance. Age related comparisons were not robust as it was done across different subject population. Age related differences have been evaluated in a clinical studies, which will give a more meaningful effect of age (subjects 60-75 years and older than 75 years).

Effect of Hepatic Impairment

The pharmacokinetics of verteporfin in patients with mild hepatic dysfunction was evaluated in study BPD 004. This single dose study was done in 17 subjects, divided in two groups, 8 with normal hepatic function and 9 with mild hepatic dysfunction. Patients with mild hepatic dysfunction included patients with a history of liver disease supported by the presence of at least two abnormal hepatic function results at the time of enrollment. All the subjects received verteporfin at a dose of 0.3 mg/kg (12 mg/m²) body weight via intravenous infusion delivered over 45 minutes. Light doses of 20-120 J/cm² was administered for an exposure time of 5-33 minutes on Day 5 for the assessment of residual photosensitivity. Blood samples were collected up to 24 hours after the start of infusion. Peak photosensitivity was assessed at 1.5-6 hours post infusion only in healthy subjects at light doses of 2.5-20 J/cm² with an exposure time of 4-40 minutes. The higher

exposure times were for the later time post infusion. The lower limit of detection of the regioisomers was 0.005 µg/ml.

The mean plasma verteporfin concentration-time profile and pharmacokinetic parameters in both healthy subjects and patients with hepatic dysfunction is shown in the following figure.

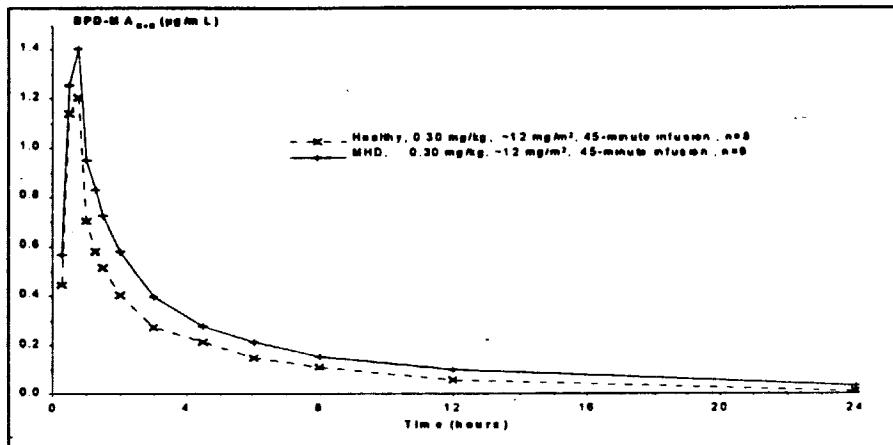


Figure: Mean plasma concentration profile of verteporfin in healthy subjects compared to patients with hepatic dysfunction

TABLE 20: Summary of Statistical Analysis of Pharmacokinetic Parameters of Verteoporfin

Pharmacokinetic Parameters	Mean Values (CV%)		Ratio of Means (Dysfunction/ Normal)	ANOVA ^b p-value	90% Confidence Interval of Ratio of Means (Dysfunction/Normal)	
	Hepatic Dysfunction (n=9)	Normal (n=8)				
AUC _{0-t} (µg·hr/mL)	4.60 (38)	3.25 (27)	1.42	0.0680	1.05 - 1.79	
AUC _{inf} (µg·hr/mL) ^d	4.54 (39)	3.40 (28)	1.34	0.1264	0.97 - 1.70	
AUC _{0-t} /AUC _{inf} ^d	0.95 (2)	0.96 (3)	0.99	0.5753	0.97 - 1.02	
C _{max} (µg/mL)	1.4084 (30)	1.3777 (30)	1.02	0.8810	0.77 - 1.28	
V _{ss} (L/kg)	0.3704 (35)	0.4177 (29)	0.89	0.4528	0.63 - 1.14	
T _{max} (hr)	0.74 (13)	0.64 (19)	1.14	0.0995	1.00 - 1.29	
K _{el} (1/hr) ^d	0.1205 (17)	0.1437 (15)	0.84	0.0443	0.71 - 0.97	
t _{1/2} ^d	5.88 (15)	4.92 (16)	1.19	0.0355	— ^c	

* CV (Coefficient of Variation) standard deviation expressed as a percentage of the mean.

^b One-way ANOVA with hepatic function group as the factor.

^c Not calculated for this parameter.

^d n=8 for these parameters

The mean AUC parameters in subjects with mild hepatic dysfunction were greater than those in subjects with normal hepatic function. AUC_{0-t} was approximately 42% greater and the AUC_{inf} was approximately 34% greater in the subjects with mild hepatic dysfunction compared to the subjects with normal hepatic function. These differences

were not statistically significant ($p=0.0680$ and $p=0.1264$, respectively). The greater mean AUC's in subjects with mild hepatic dysfunction were accompanied by a significantly smaller K_{el} and correspondingly longer elimination half-life ($p=0.0355$, approximately 19% greater than that in the subjects with normal hepatic function). Plasma levels of verteporfin for 4 subjects in the healthy group were close to or below the limit of detection for verteporfin by 24 hours after infusion. Subjects in the hepatic impaired group showed higher concentrations of verteporfin at 24 hours post infusion. The men plasma concentration at 24 hours post infusion in the healthy subjects was $0.0125 \mu\text{g/mL}$ vs. $0.0341 \mu\text{g/mL}$ in the hepatic impaired subjects. (see Appendix pages 38-40). The apparent volume of distribution V_{ss} indicated that the distribution was similar between the two groups. Besides the $t_{1/2}$ and K_{el} there were no other statistically significant differences between the two groups for any of the pharmacokinetic parameters.

Analysis of the ln-transformed pharmacokinetic parameters yielded similar results (See Appendix page 43). No statistically significant differences ($p=0.05$ level) in AUC_{0-t} , AUC_{inf} , and C_{max} were detected between the subjects with mild hepatic dysfunction and the subjects with normal hepatic function. A small difference in $t_{1/2}$ produced an increase in AUC but not C_{max} in subjects with mild hepatic dysfunction. This may not require a dose adjustment as verteporfin is intended for administration in single doses or therapy could be repeated after 3 months. The light dose will be administered around the C_{max} .

The pharmacokinetic parameters and plasma concentration profiles for the two regioisomers is given below. Both regioisomers showed similar trends. The individual pharmacokinetic parameters for the regioisomers are attached in the Appendix on pages 41-42.

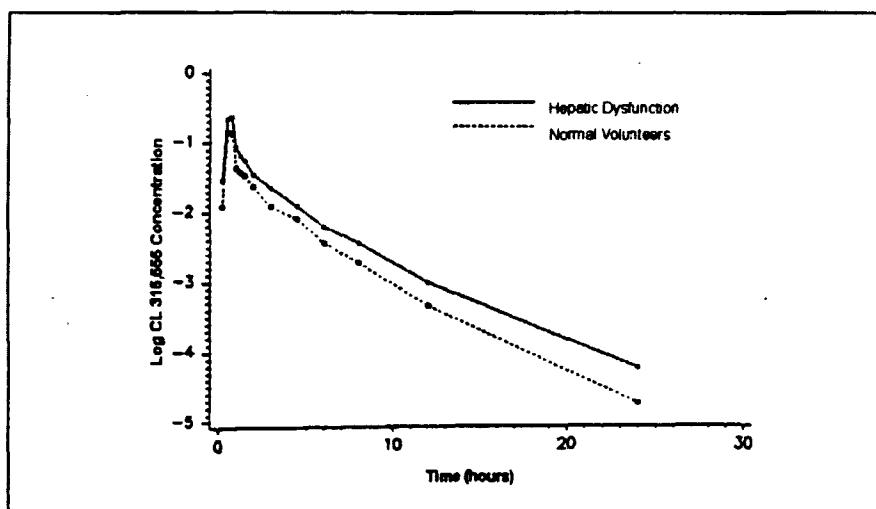


Figure: Mean plasma concentration-time profile for BPD-MA_c

TABLE 21: Summary of Statistical Analysis of Pharmacokinetic Parameters of BPD-MA_C CL 315,555)

Pharmacokinetic Parameters	Mean Values (CV%) ^a		Ratio of Means (Dysfunction/ Normal)	ANOVA ^b p-value	90% Confidence Interval of Ratio of Means (Dysfunction/Normal)	
	Hepatic Dysfunction (n=9)	Normal (n=8)				
AUC _{0-t} ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{hr}/\text{mL}$)	2.33 (39)	1.69 (26)	1.38	0.0866	1.02 - 1.74	
AUC _{inf} ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{hr}/\text{mL}$)	2.55 (42)	1.79 (26)	1.42	0.0879	1.02 - 1.83	
AUC _{0-t} /AUC _{inf}	0.93 (7)	0.95 (4)	0.98	0.5893	0.93 - 1.03	
C _{max} ($\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$)	0.6091 (38)	0.5415 (35)	1.12	0.5268	0.79 - 1.46	
V _{ss} (L/kg)	0.4045 (37)	0.4663 (27)	0.87	0.3748	0.61 - 1.12	
T _{max} (hrs)	0.65 (18)	0.64 (19)	1.01	0.8921	0.85 - 1.17	
K _{el} (1/hrs)	0.1164 (23)	0.1330 (10)	0.88	0.1329	0.74 - 1.01	
t _{1/2} (hrs)	6.44 (38)	5.26 (10)	1.22	0.1987	— ^c	

^a CV (Coefficient of Variation) standard deviation expressed as a percentage of the mean.

^b One-way ANOVA with hepatic function group as the factor.

^c Not calculated for this parameter.

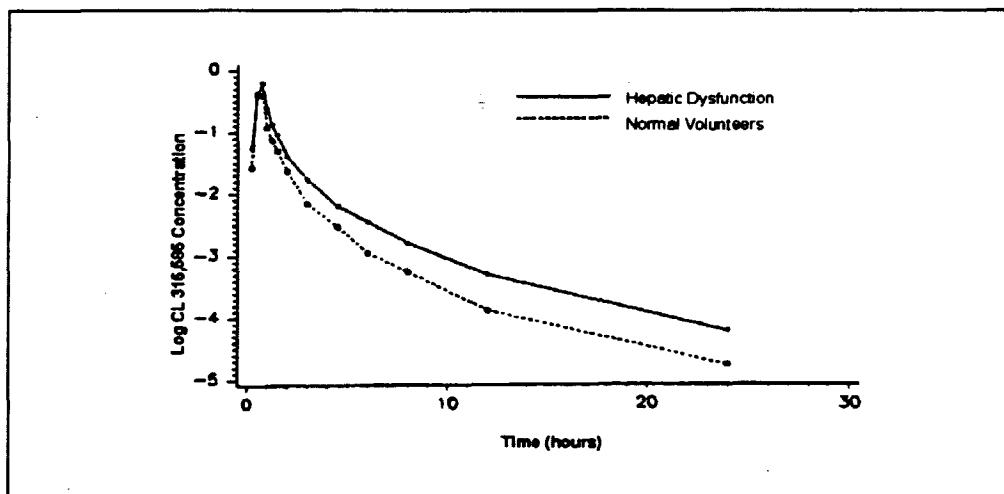


Figure: Mean plasma profile for BPD-MA_D

TABLE 22: Summary of Statistical Analysis of Pharmacokinetic Parameters of BPD-MA_D (CL 315,585)

Pharmacokinetic Parameters	Mean Values (CV%)				Ratio of Means (Dysfunction/N ormal)	ANOVA ^b p-value	90% Confidence Interval of Ratio of Means (Dysfunction/Normal)			
	Hepatic Dysfunction (n=9)		Normal (n=8)							
AUC _{0-t} ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{hr}/\text{mL}$)	2.31	(44)	1.53	(33)	1.51	0.0675	1.06 - 1.97			
AUC _{inf} ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{hr}/\text{mL}$)	2.50	(47)	1.61	(31)	1.55	0.0683	1.06 - 2.05			
AUC _{0-t} /AUC _{inf}	0.93	(3)	0.94	(2)	0.99	0.4004	0.97 - 1.01			
C _{max} ($\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$)	0.8665	(32)	0.8365	(27)	1.04	0.8116	0.78 - 1.30			
V _{ss} (L/kg)	0.3304	(37)	0.3257	(25)	1.01	0.9269	0.74 - 1.29			
T _{max} (hrs)	0.79	(11)	0.68	(17)	1.17	0.0275	1.05 - 1.30			
K _{el} (1/hrs)	0.1151	(37)	0.1551	(23)	0.74	0.0538	0.53 - 0.96			
t _{1/2} (hrs)	6.52	(25)	4.68	(23)	1.39	0.0159	—			

^a CV (Coefficient of Variation) standard deviation expressed as a percentage of the mean.

^b One-way ANOVA with hepatic function group as the factor.

— Not calculated for this parameter.

Conclusions

- The mean AUC parameters of verteporfin are higher in subjects with hepatic dysfunction (34-42%). This is associated with a corresponding longer half-life (20%, p=0.0355)
- The mean AUC parameters of BPD-MA_C and BPD-MA_D are also higher by about 40% and 50% respectively. This is associated with a corresponding longer half-life of 22-39%.
- The t_{max} of verteporfin was later in subjects with mild hepatic dysfunction. This increase in t_{max} was contributed by the significantly higher t_{max} for BPD-MA_D (17%, p=0.0275).
- The apparent volume of distribution and C_{max} were comparable in the healthy and mild hepatic impaired subjects.

Is dosage adjustment necessary in patients with hepatic dysfunction?

- In summary, the significant increase in half-life (p=0.0355) produced an increase in AUC of verteporfin in patients with mild hepatic dysfunction. But since, verteporfin is intended to be administered in as a single dose or doses can be repeated at three months, dosage adjustment need not be necessary. It is around the C_{max} (i.e. at the end of infusion) that the photodynamic therapy would be administered.

- The pharmacokinetics of verteporfin in patients with moderate and severe hepatic impairment is not known. However, looking at the trend in the patients with mild hepatic dysfunction, it should not be recommended in patients with moderate and severe impairment.

Effect of Renal Impairment

The sponsor has not conducted a study on the renally impaired patients. Renal excretion of verteporfin and its metabolite is minimal and such a study is not necessary in these conditions. Combined excretion of BPD-MAc, BPD-MAd, and BPD-DA in urine was approximately 0.0031% of the verteporfin dose in Caucasian subjects and approximately 0.0036% in Japanese subjects (Studies BPD PK 001A/B).

DRUG INTERACTIONS

No specific drug interaction studies have been conducted with verteporfin. Verteporfin metabolism takes place mainly through liver and plasma esterases. CYP P450 and phase 2 metabolism did not appear to play a significant role. The exposure to the metabolite was 5-10% of that of the parent. Very low plasma concentrations of verteporfin were seen at 24 hours post infusion. Verteporfin half-life is about 5-6 hours and is administered intravenously as single doses separated by 3 months. Light is administered at 15 minutes after the start of the 10-minute infusion (i.e. during the distribution phase). Considering these any induction/inhibition effect of verteporfin will be only transient and any compound interacting with verteporfin elimination will have minimal effect on therapeutic outcome.

Benzoporphyrins are not largely bound to plasma proteins. It is bound mainly to plasma lipoproteins (90%), with only 5-7% bound to albumin⁵.

Therefore, there seems to be a low potential for drug-drug interactions. Hence, it is acceptable that the sponsor has not conducted any drug interaction studies.

IV. OVERALL CONCLUSIONS

Absorption

- Verteporfin is immediately absorbed. C_{max} was achieved immediately after dosing at 10 minutes.
- The extent of exposure and the maximal plasma concentration are proportional to the dose between 6 and 20 mg/m².
- A 6 mg/m²-10 minute infusion of verteporfin for injection in Caucasians produced a mean (%CV) AUC_{inf} of 1.63(20%) µg.h/mL.

⁵ Allison B. et al. The plasma distribution of benzoporphyrin derivative and the effects on plasma lipoproteins on its distribution. Photochem Photobiol 1990, 52(3):501-507

Distribution

- Following intravenous administration verteporfin and its regioisomers BPD-MA_C and BPD-MA_D exhibited a bi-exponential decline in the plasma concentrations, a rapid distribution phase, followed by a slower elimination phase.
- The volume of distribution averaged 0.6 L/kg.
- The disposition of BPD-MA_C enantiomers was stereospecific, whereas the disposition of BPD-MA_D enantiomers were not stereospecific.

Metabolism

- Verteporfin is metabolized through liver and plasma esterases to form the diacid metabolite (BPD-DA).
- The exposure of BPD-DA is approximately 5-10% of the exposure of verteporfin.
- There was no apparent evidence of conjugation with glucuronic acids.
- NADPH-dependent liver enzyme systems (including CYP P450) do not appear to play a role in the metabolism of verteporfin.

Excretion

- The excretion of verteporfin, its regioisomer and the metabolite is minimal in the urine. The combined excretion of BPD-MA_C, BPD-MA_D, and BPD-DA in urine was about 0.0031% in Caucasian subjects and about 0.0036% in Japanese subjects.
- The half-life of verteporfin is approximately 5-6 hours.
- The total body clearance averages to approximately $105 \text{ mL} \cdot \text{h}^{-1} \cdot \text{kg}^{-1}$.
- Rat experiments show that about 90% of verteporfin dose was excreted as unchanged drug through the liver.

Special Population

- Gender: No meaningful differences in pharmacokinetics were observed based on gender for the 6 and 12 mg/m² 10 minute infusion groups.
- Race: All the pharmacokinetic parameters of verteporfin were similar in the Caucasian and Japanese men in the 6 mg/m² with a 10 minute infusion group but AUC and CL were statistically different in the two races in the 14 mg/m², 10 minute infusion group. Age related macular degeneration is more prevalent in Caucasians. Significant differences were not observed in clinical trial based on racial comparison. Dosage adjustment will not be necessary.
- Elderly: Robust comparisons could not be done, due to younger patients being in the healthy group and older being in the patient group. Age related differences have been evaluated in a clinical studies, which will give a more meaningful effect of age (subjects 60-75 years and older than 75 years). However, age related macular

degeneration being a condition of the elderly, and the prevalence of the disease increases with age.

- **Hepatic Dysfunction:** A significant increase in half-life produced an increase in AUC of verteporfin in patients with mild hepatic dysfunction. But since, verteporfin is intended to be administered in as a single dose or doses can be repeated at three months, dosage adjustment need not be necessary. It is around the C_{max} (i.e. at the end of infusion) that the photodynamic therapy would be administered. However, caution should be recommended.

The pharmacokinetics of verteporfin in patients with moderate and severe hepatic impairment is not known. However, looking at the trend in the patients with mild hepatic dysfunction, it should not be recommended in patients with moderate and severe impairment.

- **Renal Dysfunction:** Renal excretion of verteporfin and its metabolite is minimal. A study is not necessary in these conditions. Combined excretion of BPD-MA_C, BPD-MA_D, and BPD-DA in urine was approximately 0.0031% of the verteporfin dose in Caucasian subjects and approximately 0.0036% in Japanese subjects (Studies BPD PK 001A/B).

VI. LABELING COMMENTS

The following labeling changes should be incorporated in the label.

Pharmacokinetics

[redacted] Following intravenous infusion, verteporfin exhibits a biexponential elimination with [redacted] a terminal elimination half-life [redacted] of 5-6 hours. The extent of exposure and the maximal plasma concentration are proportional to the dose between 6 and 20 mg/m². At the intended dose, pharmacokinetic parameters are not significantly affected by gender.

Verteporfin is [redacted] metabolized to a small extent to its diacid metabolite [redacted] by liver and plasma esterases. There is no apparent evidence of conjugation with either glucuronic acid and/or sulfate. NADPH-dependent liver enzyme systems (including the cytochrome P450 isozymes) do not appear to play a role in the metabolism of verteporfin. Elimination is by the fecal route, with less than [redacted] of the dose recovered in urine.

In a study of patients with mild hepatic insufficiency (defined as having two abnormal hepatic function tests at enrollment), AUC and C_{max} were not significantly different from the control group. half-life however was significantly increased by [redacted]

/S/

11/18/99

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Pharmacokineticist
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Team Leader: E. Dennis Bashaw, Pharm. L 11/29/99 u/s noted change

CC: NDA 21-119 (ORIG)
HFD-550/Div File
HFD-550/CSO/Gorski
HFD-880(Bashaw/Tandon)
HFD-880(Lazor)
HFD-344(Viswanathan)
CDR ATTN: B.Murphy

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APPENDIX

NDA 21-119

VISUDYNE™

NDA: 21-119

Volume 2.39-2.57

Study Type: PK of verteporfin in healthy subjects

Study #BPD PK 001A & B

Study Title: BPD PK 001A : An open study to assess the safety and tolerance of verteporfin in caucasian subjects and to compare the pharmacokinetics of verteporfin and its major metabolite in Caucasian and Japanese subjects after intravenous administration of verteporfin for injection

BPD PK 001B : An open phase I study after intravenous administration of verteporfin for injection –single dose administration

		Study Site	
Clinical Site		Analytical Site	
		PPD Pharmaco, Austin, TX Osaka Pharmacology Research Clinic, Japan	

Single Dose	Multiple Dose	Washout Period	Cross-over	Parallel	Other Design	Fasted/Fed	No. of fasted hrs.
X						fasted	10 hrs before and 2 hrs after dose

Subject Category					
Normal (Caucasians & Japanese)	Patients	Young	Elderly	Renal	Hepatic
		X			

Subject Type	
Males=20+24	Females=12
Age	Weight
20-35 (M=25.8 for C (M=22.2 for J)	54.4-97.2 for C 51.1-79.0 for J

Subject Treatment Group			
Group No.	Total No.	Males	Females
1-A	12	8	4
2-A	12	8	4
3-A	8	4	4
1-B	8	8	
2-B	8	8	
3-B	8	8	

Treatment Group	Dose	Dosage Form	Strength	Lot #
1-A	6 mg/m ² -10 min	Inj (infusion)		TC0992
2-A	14g/m ² -10 min	Inj (infusion)		
3-A	6 mg/m ² -1.5in	Inj (bolus)		
1-B	3mg/m ² -10 min	Inj (infusion)		
2-B	6 mg/m ² -10 min	Inj (infusion)		
3-B	14g/m ² -10 min	Inj (infusion)		

Sampling Times

Plasma: predose, 7 (bolus only), 15, 20, 30, 45, 60 mins and 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 24 and 48 hrs after start of infusion

Urine: 0-6, 6-12, 12-24, 24-36, 36-48 and 48-72 hrs after start of infusion

Study #BPD PK 001 & B

TABLE 1. Summary of Baseline Demographic Variables

VARIABLE	Study A – Caucasian (USA)						Study B – Japanese (Japan)					
	Total (n=32)	6 mg/m ² 10-min inf. (n=12)	14 mg/m ² 10-min inf. (n=12)	6 mg/m ² bolus (n=12)			Total (n=24)	3 mg/m ² (n=8)	6 mg/m ² (n=8)	14 mg/m ² (n=8)		
	Group 1A	Group 2A	Group 3A	Group 1B	Group 2B	Group 3B	Group 1B	Group 2B	Group 3B	Group 1B	Group 2B	Group 3B
GENDER:												
Male	No. (%)	20 (63)	8 (67)	8 (67)	4 (50)		24 (100)	8 (100)	8 (100)	8 (100)		
Female	No. (%)	12 (38)	4 (33)	4 (33)	4 (50)							
AGE (years)												
Male	Range	20-33	21-33	21-26	20-32		20-25	21-24	21-23	20-25		
	Mean ± SD	25.8±3.9	28.1±3.9	24.1±2.0	24.5±5.5		22.2±1.2	22.6±1.0	21.9±0.6	22.1±1.6		
Female	Range	22-33	23-26	22-32	23-33							
	Mean ± SD	25.5±3.6	24.3±1.5	26.0±4.3	26.3±4.7							
HEIGHT ^a (cm)												
Male	Range	168-197	170-197	177-191	168-184		161-181	170-181	162-178	161-177		
	Mean ± SD	182±8	186±8	183±5	175±7		171±5	174±4	171±5	167±5		
Female	Range	157-173	166-171	157-170	167-173							
	Mean ± SD	168±5	168±2	165±7	171±3							
WEIGHT ^a (kg)												
Male	Range	54.4-97.2	73.7-97.2	71.5-84.4	54.4-66.0		51.2-79.0	52.2-69.0	51.2-79.0	52.7-78.4		
	Mean ± SD	77.6±11.4	86.2±8.4	77.5±4.5	60.4±4.8		61.3±8.0	63.8±6.3	58.6±9.2	61.5±8.3		
Female	Range	45.6-70.9	56.0-69.4	45.6-65.6	63.9-70.9							
	Mean ± SD	62.2±7.0	63.4±5.8	56.6±8.4	66.5±3.0							
BODY SURFACE AREA ^b (m ²)												
Male	Range	1.6-2.3	1.9-2.3	1.9-2.1	1.6-1.8		1.5-2.0	1.6-1.9	1.5-2.0	1.6-2.0		
	Mean ± SD	2.0±0.2	2.1±0.1	2.0±0.1	1.7±0.1		1.7±0.1	1.8±0.1	1.7±0.1	1.7±0.1		
Female	Range	1.4-1.8	1.7-1.8	1.4-1.8	1.8-1.8							
	Mean ± SD	1.7±0.1	1.7±0.1	1.6±0.2	1.8±0.0							
BODY FRAME												
Male	Small No. (%)	5 (25)	1 (13)	3 (38)	1 (25)		—	—	—	—	—	—
	Medium No. (%)	15 (75)	7 (88)	5 (63)	3 (75)		—	—	—	—	—	—
	Large No. (%)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)		—	—	—	—	—	—
Female	Small No. (%)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)							
	Medium No. (%)	11 (92)	4 (100)	4 (100)	3 (75)							
	Large No. (%)	1 (8)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (25)							
BMI ^c (kg/m ²)												
Male	Range	17.8-27.8	22.5-27.8	22.1-25.4	17.8-21.4		17.8-25.1	18.1-23.1	17.8-25.0	19.2-25.1		
	Mean ± SD	23.3±2.5	25.0±1.9	23.3±1.1	19.7±1.5		21.0±2.1	21.0±1.8	20.0±2.2	21.9±2.1		
Female	Range	18.5-25.4	20.1-24.7	18.5-23.0	21.5-25.4							
	Mean ± SD	22.1±2.1	22.5±2.3	20.9±2.3	22.9±1.7							

- a. For Caucasian subjects, body weight and height are values recorded at screening; for Japanese subjects, on Day -1.
- b. Calculated using body weights recorded on Day -1. For Caucasian subjects, these weights were not included in the case report form, database, or statistical summary and are listed for informative purposes as Appendix E.1.1.1.
- c. Body mass index. Calculated as body weight (in kilograms) divided by the square of the height (in meters). Not included in the protocol.

Study #BPD PK 001 & B
TABLE 2. Plasma Concentration Profiles

TIME	Mean (in $\mu\text{g/mL}$) and % Coefficient of Variation (in parenthesis)								
	Study A - Caucasians				Study B - Japanese				
	BPD-MAC	BPD-MAD	BPD-MAC+D	BPD-DA	BPD-MAC	BPD-MAD	BPD-MAC+D	BPD-DA	
6 mg/m² – 10-minute infusion (n=12)								6 mg/m² – 10-minute infusion (n=8)	
10 min	0.44 ^b (29)	0.66 ^b (26)	1.10 ^b (27)	0.00 (153)	0.56 (11)	0.77 (11)	1.32 (11)	0.01 (119)	
15 min	0.24 (27)	0.47 (24)	0.71 (25)	0.01 (92)	0.30 (18)	0.53 (16)	0.83 (17)	0.01 (69)	
20 min	0.16 (30)	0.32 (28)	0.48 (28)	0.00 (97)	0.19 (17)	0.37 (16)	0.56 (16)	0.00 (110)	
30 min	0.12 ^b (34)	0.21 ^b (37)	0.32 ^b (35)	0.01 ^b (75)	0.13 (22)	0.21 (32)	0.34 (28)	0.00 (156)	
45 min	0.11 (32)	0.16 (28)	0.27 (29)	0.00 ^b (97)	0.13 (13)	0.17 (15)	0.30 (14)	0.00 (283)	
60 min	0.10 (33)	0.13 (32)	0.23 (32)	0.00 (98)	0.11 (22)	0.14 (24)	0.25 (23)	0.00 (154)	
2 h	0.08 (33)	0.07 (28)	0.15 (30)	0.00 (82)	0.10 (12)	0.09 (14)	0.18 (12)	0.00 (116)	
3 h	0.06 (36)	0.05 (30)	0.10 (32)	0.00 ^t (72)	0.07 (19)	0.06 (22)	0.13 (20)	0.00 (96)	
4 h	0.06 (30)	0.04 (26)	0.10 (27)	0.00 ^c (85)	0.06 (16)	0.04 (20)	0.11 (16)	0.00 (91)	
6 h	0.04 (33)	0.02 (29)	0.06 (29)	0.01 ^b (51)	0.05 (17)	0.03 (24)	0.08 (19)	0.00 (99)	
8 h	0.04 (35)	0.02 (27)	0.06 (30)	0.01 ^j (51)	0.03 (24)	0.02 (35)	0.05 (28)	0.00 (117)	
12 h	0.02 (34)	0.01 (32)	0.03 (31)	0.00 (72)	0.02 (22)	0.01 (31)	0.03 (25)	0.00 (99)	
24 h	0.00 (32)	0.00 (84)	0.01 (43)	0.00 (248)	0.01 (33)	0.00 (50)	0.01 (40)	0.00 (283)	
30 h	0.00 (112)	0.00 (235)	0.00 (115)	0.00 (346)	0.00 (145)	0.00 (115)	0.00 (127)	0.00 (283)	
36 h	0.00 (234)	0.00 (346)	0.00 (250)	0.00 (346)	0.00 (283)	0.00 (283)	0.00 (283)	0.00 (283)	
48 h	0.00 (346)	0.00 - ^a	0.00 (346)	0.00 (182)	0.00 - ^a	0.00 - ^a	0.00 - ^a	0.00 - ^a	
14 mg/m² – 10-minute infusion (n = 12)								14 mg/m² – 10-minute infusion (n = 8)	
10 min	0.96 ^b (49)	1.59 ^b (41)	2.55 ^b (43)	0.03 ^b (218)	1.27 (20)	1.87 (20)	3.13 (18)	0.01 (223)	
15 min	0.60 ^b (48)	1.11 ^b (39)	1.70 ^b (42)	0.02 ^b (174)	0.73 (20)	1.35 (20)	2.07 (19)	0.01 (89)	
20 min	0.38 (21)	0.74 (24)	1.12 (23)	0.02 ^b (121)	0.45 (30)	0.84 (25)	1.29 (26)	0.01 (89)	
30 min	0.30 (25)	0.50 (21)	0.79 (22)	0.01 ^b (149)	0.36 (32)	0.61 (30)	0.97 (31)	0.01 (86)	
45 min	0.26 (31)	0.36 (28)	0.63 (28)	0.01 ^b (171)	0.33 (31)	0.46 (30)	0.78 (31)	0.01 (94)	
60 min	0.26 (29)	0.30 (24)	0.56 (26)	0.01 (192)	0.33 (39)	0.42 (40)	0.74 (40)	0.00 (62)	
2 h	0.19 (29)	0.16 (27)	0.34 (27)	0.01 (72)	0.26 (30)	0.25 (35)	0.50 (32)	0.01 (87)	
3 h	0.14 (27)	0.10 (27)	0.23 (26)	0.01 (82)	0.18 (25)	0.14 (32)	0.32 (28)	0.01 (55)	
4 h	0.12 (21)	0.08 (24)	0.20 (21)	0.01 (97)	0.15 (23)	0.11 (30)	0.26 (25)	0.01 (54)	
6 h	0.09 (23)	0.05 (23)	0.14 (21)	0.01 (60)	0.13 (32)	0.09 (43)	0.22 (36)	0.01 (64)	
8 h	0.07 (20)	0.04 (18)	0.10 (17)	0.01 (59)	0.09 (28)	0.06 (38)	0.14 (32)	0.01 (49)	
12 h	0.03 (25)	0.02 (24)	0.06 (22)	0.01 (58)	0.07 (42)	0.04 (50)	0.11 (45)	0.02 (49)	
24 h	0.01 (30)	0.01 (31)	0.02 (25)	0.00 (65)	0.02 (47)	0.01 (43)	0.03 (44)	0.01 (30)	
30 h	0.00 (30)	0.00 (66)	0.01 (32)	0.00 (152)	0.01 (64)	0.01 (69)	0.01 (64)	0.00 (53)	
36 h	0.00 (93)	0.00 (185)	0.00 (95)	0.00 (153)	0.00 (100)	0.00 (87)	0.01 (91)	0.00 (113)	
48 h	0.00 - ^a	0.00 - ^a	0.00 - ^a	0.00 (113)	0.00 (283)	0.00 (185)	0.00 (138)	0.00 - ^a	
6 mg/m² – 1.5-minute bolus injection (n = 8)								3 mg/m² – 10-minute infusion (n = 8)	
2 min	0.64 (20)	0.79 (13)	1.44 (15)	0.04 (128)	- ^a	- ^a	- ^a	- ^a	
7 min	0.28 ^d (16)	0.54 ^d (11)	0.83 ^d (12)	0.01 ^d (120)	- ^a	- ^a	- ^a	- ^a	
10 min	- ^a	- ^a	- ^a	- ^a	0.27 (17)	0.39 (15)	0.66 (15)	0.01 (113)	
15 min	0.18 (59)	0.37 (57)	0.55 (58)	0.01 ^d (105)	0.15 (17)	0.28 (18)	0.42 (17)	0.01 (72)	
20 min	0.13 (29)	0.24 (26)	0.38 (27)	0.01 ^d (111)	0.09 (19)	0.18 (19)	0.27 (19)	0.00 (84)	
30 min	0.11 (18)	0.18 (16)	0.29 (17)	0.00 (138)	0.07 (18)	0.11 (18)	0.18 (18)	0.00 (90)	
45 min	0.10 (33)	0.14 (32)	0.24 (32)	0.00 ^d (154)	0.06 (26)	0.08 (17)	0.15 (20)	0.00 (114)	
60 min	0.09 (30)	0.11 (26)	0.20 (28)	0.00 ^d (109)	0.06 (22)	0.07 (22)	0.12 (21)	0.00 (101)	
2 h	0.08 (30)	0.07 (34)	0.14 (32)	0.01 (96)	0.04 (20)	0.04 (29)	0.08 (23)	0.00 (91)	
3 h	0.06 (27)	0.05 (30)	0.11 (28)	0.01 (88)	0.03 (21)	0.03 (32)	0.06 (25)	0.00 (89)	
4 h	0.05 (20)	0.03 (26)	0.09 (21)	0.00 (118)	0.03 (34)	0.02 (39)	0.05 (35)	0.00 (83)	
6 h	0.04 (37)	0.02 (40)	0.07 (38)	0.01 (48)	0.02 (37)	0.02 (50)	0.04 (42)	0.00 (67)	
8 h	0.03 (34)	0.02 (35)	0.05 (33)	0.01 (68)	0.02 (25)	0.01 (39)	0.03 (30)	0.00 (115)	
12 h	0.02 (49)	0.01 (42)	0.03 (45)	0.00 ^d (64)	0.01 (30)	0.01 (36)	0.02 (32)	0.01 (39)	
24 h	0.01 (74)	0.00 (108)	0.01 (79)	0.00 (187)	- ^a	0.00 (72)	0.00 (109)	0.00 (80)	
30 h	0.00 (121)	0.00 (139)	0.00 (119)	0.00 - ^a	0.00 (283)	0.00 (283)	0.00 (185)	0.00 (185)	
36 h	0.00 (146)	0.00 - ^a	0.00 - ^a	0.00 - ^a	0.00 - ^a	0.00 - ^a	0.00 - ^a	0.00 (283)	
48 h	0.00 - ^a	0.00 - ^a	0.00 - ^a	0.00 - ^a	0.00 - ^a	0.00 - ^a	0.00 - ^a	0.00 - ^a	

Limit of quantification for BPD-MAC, BPD-MAD, and BPD-DA = 0.002 $\mu\text{g/mL}$

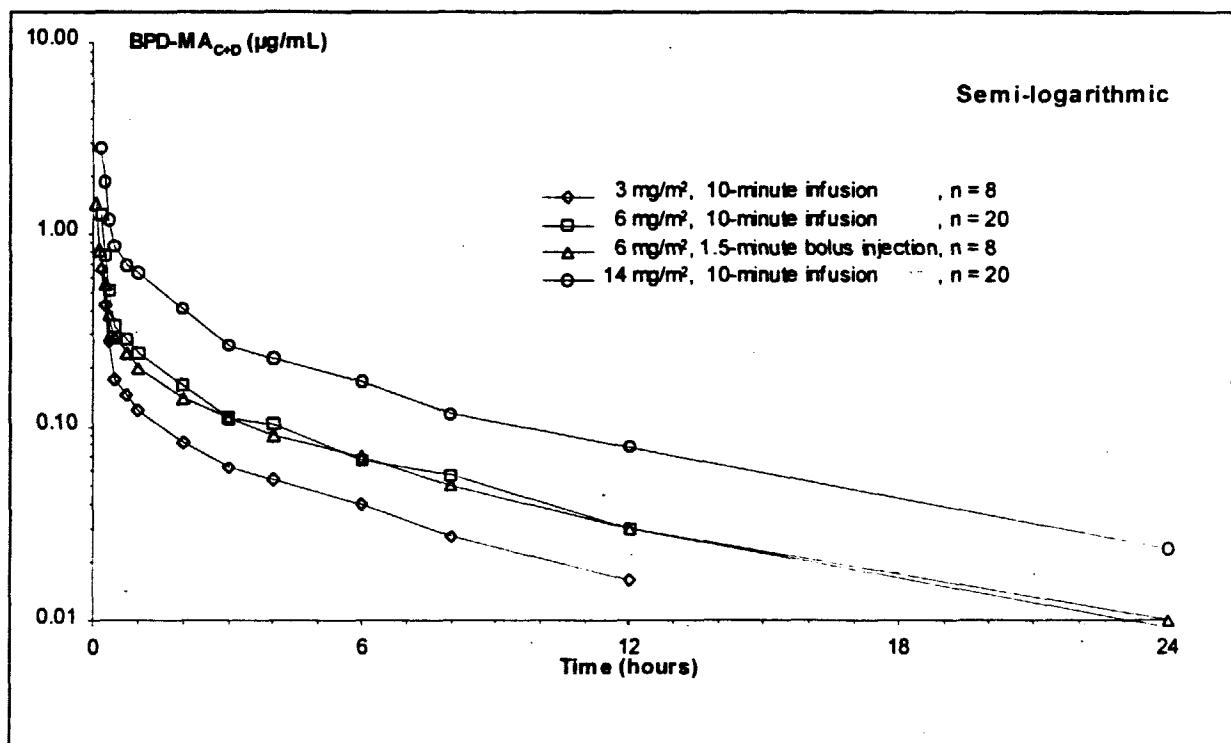
a. data not available.

b. n = 11.

c. n = 10.

d. n = 7.

Study #BPD PK 001 & B
Semi-logarithmic mean profile for verteporfin



NDA: 21-119

Volume 2.31-38

Study Type: PK In patients with CNV

Study #BPD OCR 001

Study Title: An open, multicenter, non-controlled phase I/II study of the treatment of choroidal neovascularization using photodynamic therapy with liposomal BPD-MA (verteporfin)

Study Site	
Clinical Site	Analytical Site

Single Dose	Multiple Dose	Washout Period	Cross-over	Parallel	Other Design	Fasted/Fed	No. of fasted hrs.
X						fasted	10 hrs before and 2 hrs after dose

Subject Category					
Normal	Patients	Young	Elderly	Renal	Hepatic
	X=142				

Subject Type			
Males=75	Females=67		
Age (yrs)	Weight (kg)	Age	Weight
See demographics			
Subject Treatment Group			
Group No.	Total No.	Males	Females
1-5	See demographics		

Treatment Group	Dose	Dosage Form	Strength	Lot #
1-5				PQ002-94

Sampling Times

Plasma: Regimens 1-3 predose and at 10, 20, 30, and 40 minutes after the start of the 10-minute infusion
Regimen 5 predose and at 5, 10, 20, 30, and 40 minutes after the start of a 5-minute infusion

STUDY BPD OCR 001

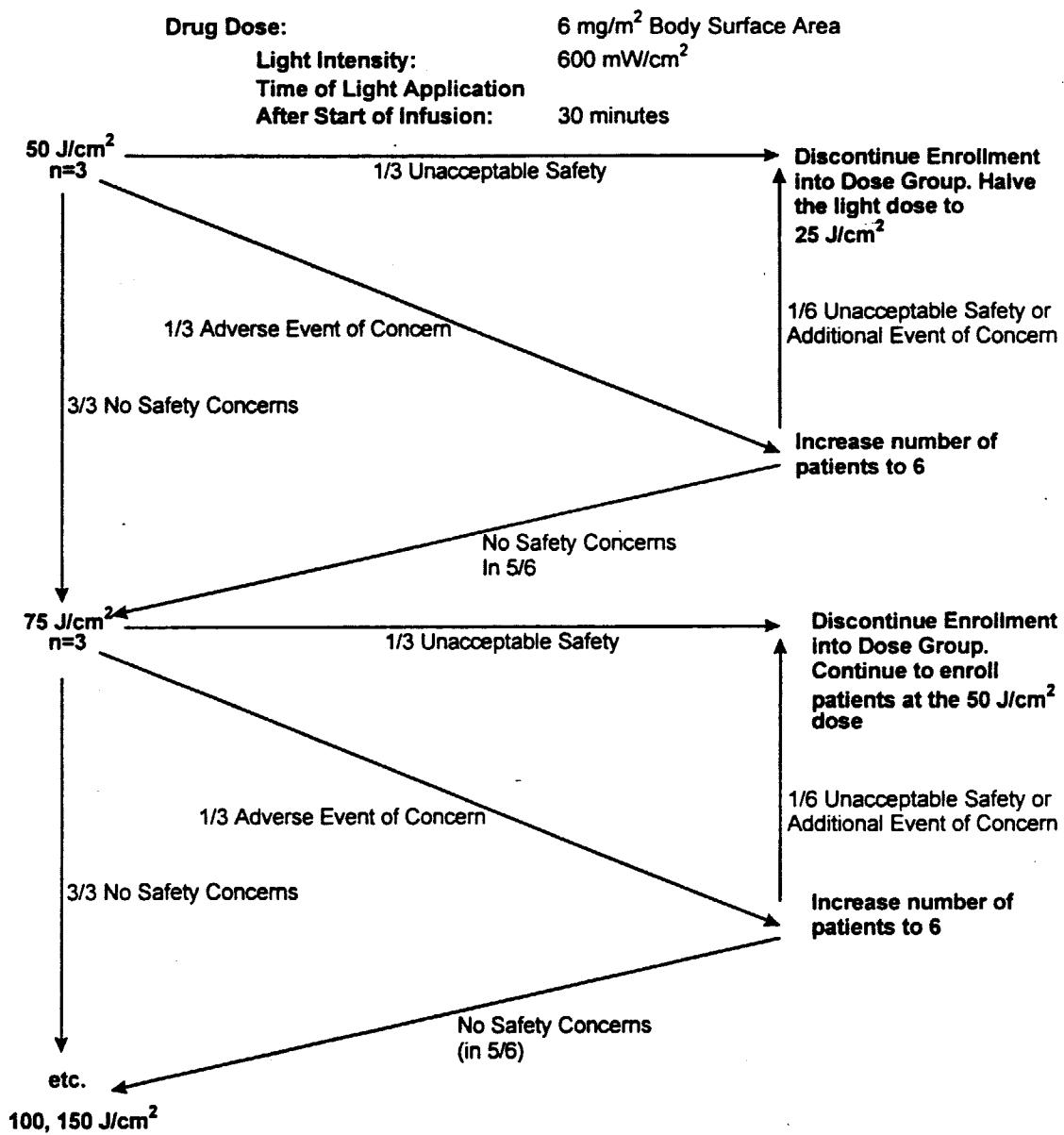


FIGURE 2. Flow Diagram for Initial Dose Escalation

TABLE 3. Patient Treatment by Course of Therapy and Regimen (All Patients)

Course of Therapy	Time of Treatment ^a	Regimen	Verteporfin Dose (mg/m ²)	Time ^b (min)	Light Dose (J/cm ²)	Number of Patients		
						AMD	Non-AMD	Total
1	Week 0	1	6	30	50 75 100 150	2 6 8 6	1 1 0 0	3 7 8 6
						22	2	24
	2		6	20	50 75 100 150	2 3 29 3	1 1 4 ^c 0	3 4 33 3
						37	6	43
	3		12	30	50 75 100 150	2 3 9 5	1 0 1 0	3 3 10 5
						19	2	21
	4		6	15	50 75 100	8 6 8	1 1 0	9 7 8
						22	2	24
	5 ^d		6	10	12.5 25 50	4 12 12	0 0 2	4 12 14
						28	2	30
					TOTAL	128	14	142
2	Week 0 ^e	2	6	20	100	5	3	8
	Week 2-6 ^f	2	6	20	100	21	3 ^c	24
	4 ^g		6	15	50 75 100	1 7 2	0 0 0	1 7 2
						10	0	10
					TOTAL	36	6	42
3	Week 4 ^e	2	6	20	100	1	2	3
	Week 4-8 ^f	2	6	20	100	17	2 ^c	19
	4		6	15	75	2	0	2
					TOTAL	20	4	24
4	Week 8 ^e	2	6	20	100	1	2	3
					TOTAL	1	2	3

^a Time of treatment relative to Day 0 of their first course.

^b Time of light administration relative to beginning of IV infusion of verteporfin.

^c Includes Patient 66 who had no CNV and therefore was not included in the analysis.

^d Verteoporfin was administered as a 10-minute infusion except Regimen 5 (5-minute infusion).

^e Patients re-enrolled after their Week-12 assessment for Course 1. Time of treatment relative to Day 0 from second enrollment.

^f Patients 901-905 were retreated at Weeks 3 and 8 and Patients 906-910 were retreated at Weeks 2 and 4. All other patients were retreated at approximately Week 4.

^g Patients 88 and 97 were retreated at Week 5-6.

TABLE 4. Demographic and Baseline Characteristics

Characteristic	Treatment Regimen					Total n=142	
	1 n=24	2 n=43	3 n=21	4 n=24	5 n=30		
GENDER							
Female	8 (33)	22 (51)	9 (43)	19 (79)	9 (30)	67	(47)
Male	16 (67)	21 (49)	12 (57)	5 (21)	21 (70)	75	(53)
RACE							
Caucasian	24 (100)	43 (100)	21 (100)	24 (100)	29 (97)	141	(99)
Asian	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (3)	1	(1)
AGE (years)							
<60	2 (8)	4 (9)	2 (10)	5 (21)	2 (7)	15	(11)
60-69	5 (21)	15 (35)	3 (14)	4 (17)	6 (27)	33	(23)
70-79	7 (29)	18 (42)	13 (62)	9 (38)	14 (47)	61	(43)
≥80	10 (42)	6 (14)	3 (14)	6 (25)	8 (27)	33	(23)
Mean	74	71	72	70	75	72	
standard deviation	10	11	9	12	8	11	
NOTABLE MEDICAL HISTORY							
No	3 (13)	5 (12)	3 (14)	1 (4)	1 (3)	13	(9)
Yes	21 (88)	38 (88)	18 (86)	23 (96)	29 (97)	129	(91)
CNV SECONDARY TO:							
AMD	22 (92)	37 (86)	17 (81)	21 (88)	26 (87)	123	(87)
Idiopathic cause	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (5)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0	(1)
Angioid streaks	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (3)	1	(1)
OHS	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (5)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0	(1)
Pathologic myopia	2 (8)	5 (12)	0 (0)	2 (8)	1 (3)	10	(7)
No CNV - Pattern dystrophy-RPE	0 (0)	1 (2)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0	(1)
AMD+Pathologic myopia	0 (0)	0 (0)	2 (10)	0 (0)	1 (4)	3	(2)
AMD+OHS	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (4)	1 (4)	2	(1)
LESION SIZE (MPS DA)							
Mean	4.7	5.5	4.0	5.0	5.2	5.0	
standard deviation	1.9	3.5	2.2	2.9	3.2	2.9	
Minimum	1	1	1	2	1	1	
Maximum	12	16	9	12	12	16	
CNV COMPONENTS OF LESION^b							
Classic only	6 (25)	17 (40)	8 (38)	7 (29)	14 (47)	52	(37)
≥50% classic (+occult)	10 (42)	9 (21)	7 (33)	7 (29)	7 (23)	40	(28)
<50% classic (+occult)	7 (29)	13 (30)	6 (29)	9 (38)	4 (13)	39	(27)
No classic	1 (4)	4 (9)	0 (0)	1 (4)	5 (17)	11	(8)
CNV LESION LOCATION							
Subfoveal	24 (100)	41 (95)	20 (95)	22 (92)	28 (93)	135	(95)
Probably subfoveal	0 (0)	1 (2)	1 (5)	1 (4)	0 (0)	3	(2)
Not subfoveal	0 (0)	1 (2)	0 (0)	1 (4)	2 (7)	4	(3)

a Number (%) of patients for all parameters except for lesion size.

b The percent of classic CNV and presence or absence of occult CNV were the only components considered for this parameter.

OHS = ocular histoplasmosis syndrome

MPS DA = Macular Photocoagulation Study Disc Area

TABLE 4. Demographic and Baseline Characteristics (cont.)

Characteristic	Number (%) of Patients ^a					Total n=142	
	Treatment Regimen						
	1 n=24	2 n=43	3 n=21	4 n=24	5 n=30		
BEST CORRECTED VISUAL ACUITY (study eye)							
>20/40	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	2 (7)	2 (1)	
20/40 - 20/80	9 (38)	17 (40)	9 (43)	12 (50)	10 (33)	57 (40)	
20/100 - 20/200	9 (38)	15 (35)	10 (48)	9 (38)	12 (40)	55 (39)	
<20/200	6 (25)	11 (26)	2 (10)	3 (13)	6 (20)	28 (20)	
Mean ^b	20/125	20/125	20/100	20/100	20/125	20/125	
standard deviation ^c	3	3	3	3	3	3	
FIBROSIS							
No	1 (4)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (1)	
0-25%	10 (42)	30 (70)	17 (81)	22 (92)	26 (87)	105 (74)	
26-50%	7 (29)	9 (21)	4 (19)	1 (4)	2 (7)	23 (16)	
>50%	6 (25)	3 (7)	0 (0)	1 (4)	2 (7)	12 (8)	
Can't grade/determine	0 (0)	1 (2)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (1)	

^a Number (%) of patients for all parameters except for lesion size; BCVA was presented as number (%) of patients and mean/std deviation.

^b Snellen scores were converted to Log Mar scale for the purpose of calculating the means. The calculated means were converted back to the snellen scores as shown in the table.

^c Provided as number of lines (1 line = 5 letters).

11 pages have been removed here because they contain confidential information that will not be included in the redacted portion of the document for the public to obtain.

NDA: 21-119

Volume 2.22-2.27

Study Type: PK In patients with Basal cell carcinoma Study #BPD 001

Study Title: Photodynamic therapy with benzoporphyrin derivative monoacid A ring (BPD-MA) in the treatment of malignant cutaneous lesions

Study Site							
Clinical Site				Analytical Site			
				Lab Pharmacological research, Quebec, Canada			

Single Dose	Multiple Dose	Washout Period	Gross-over	Parallel	Other Design	Fasted/Fed	No. of fasted hrs.
X						fasted	10 hrs before and 2 hrs after dose

Subject Category					
Normal	Patients	Young	Elderly	Renal	Hepatic
X=8		X			X=12

Subject Type		Males=11		Females=6	
Age (yrs)	Weight (kg)	Age	Weight		
29-60(M= 39) N=50-99 HD=46-101	46-101 (M=72)	29-60(M= 39) N=50-99 HD=46-101	46-101 (M=72)		

Subject Treatment Group			
Group No.	Total No.	Males	Females
Hepatic	9	7	2
Healthy	8	4	4

Treatment Group	Dose	Dosage Form	Strength	Lot #
hepatic	12 mg/m ² -45 min	Inj (infusion)	0.3 mg/kg or 2 mg/ml	PQ002-94
healthy	12 mg/m ² -45 min	Inj (infusion)	0.3 mg/kg or 2 mg/ml	PQ002-94

Sampling Times

Plasma: predose, 15, 30, 45, 60, 75 and 90 mins and 2, 3, 4.5, 6, 8, 12, and 24 hrs after start of infusion

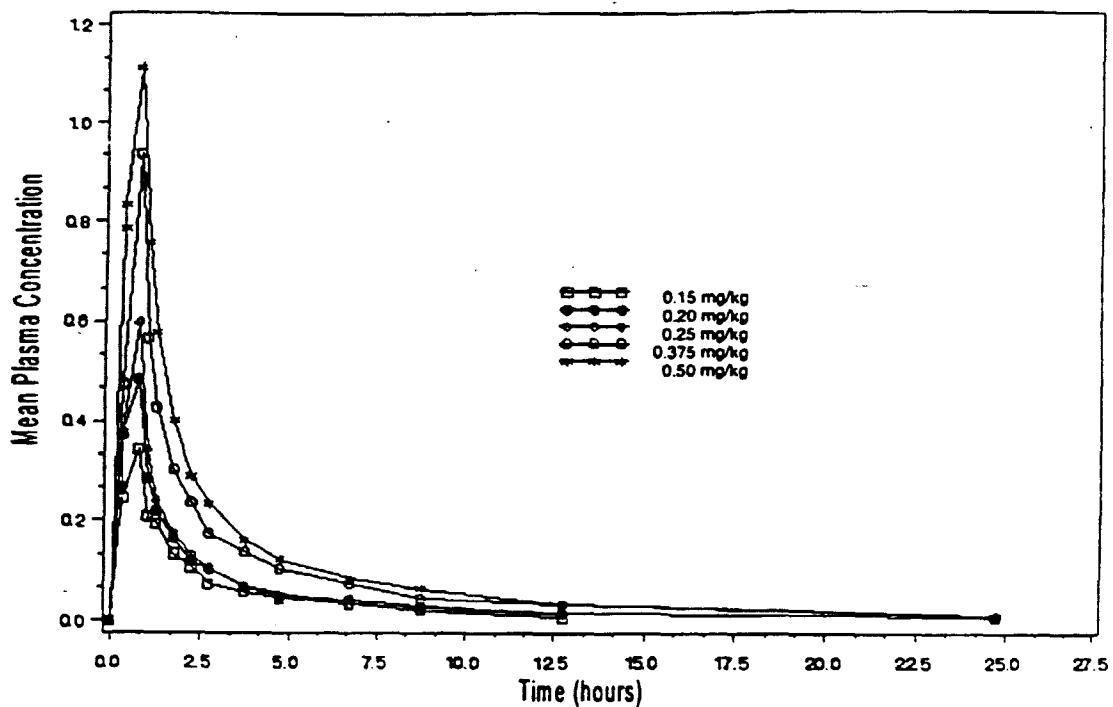
STUDY BPD 001

TABLE 5. Summary of Exposure to Drug and Light

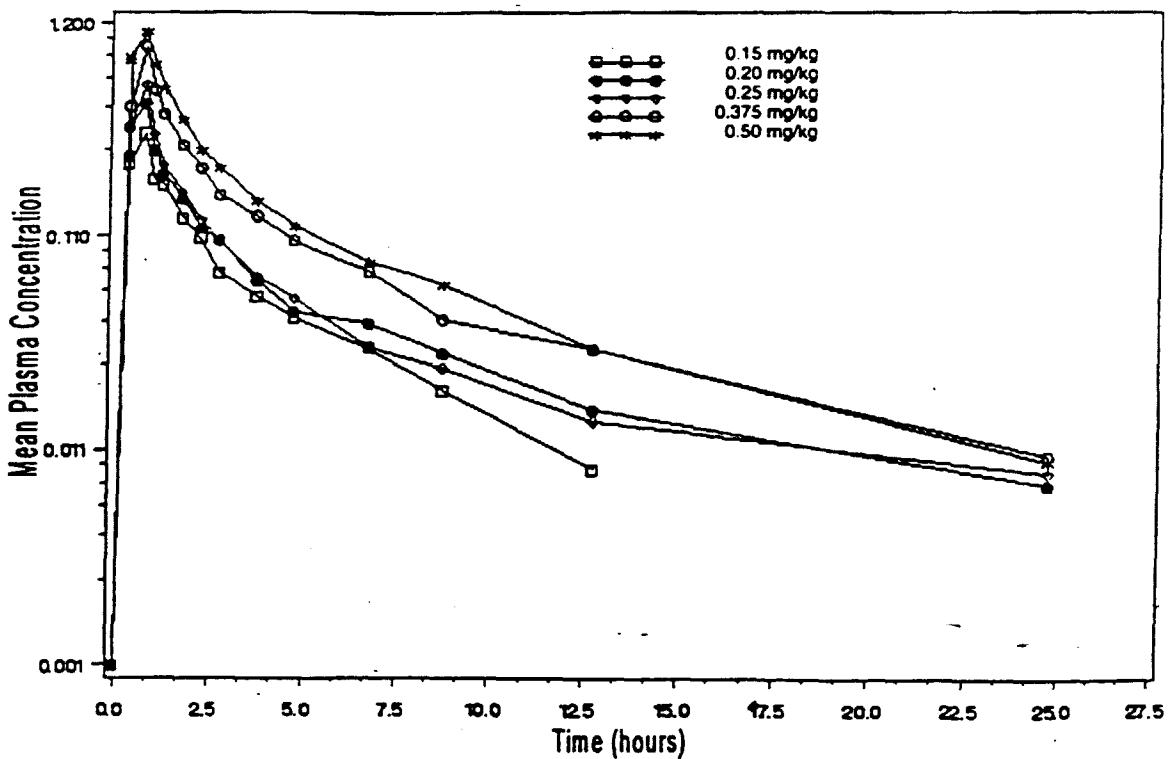
Course	Verteporfin		Number of Patients ^a	Number of Lesions	Number of Treatment Fields
	Dose (mg/kg)	Light Dose (J/cm ²)			
1	0.15	150	2	8	5
	0.20	75	1	3	3
		125	1	2	2
		150	8	29	20
	0.25	50	3	19	9
		100	5	16	12
		150	2	5	4
	0.30	25	3	9	8
		50	9	28	22
		75	5	10	9
0.375	50	2		7	6
	0.50	50	3	12	7
		Total	44	148	107
2	0.15	150	1	8	3
	0.30	25	1	2	2
		50	2	15	6
		75	2	2	2
		Total	6	27	13
3	0.30	50	1	6	3
		75	1	1	1
		Total	2	7	4

^a Of the 35 patients enrolled in the study, 13 received 2 light doses on different treatment fields, 3 patients received two courses of PDT on separate days, and 1 patient received 3 courses of PDT. Since this column expressed exposure in terms of each drug and light combination, some of the patients were included several times opposite each light dose in each course.

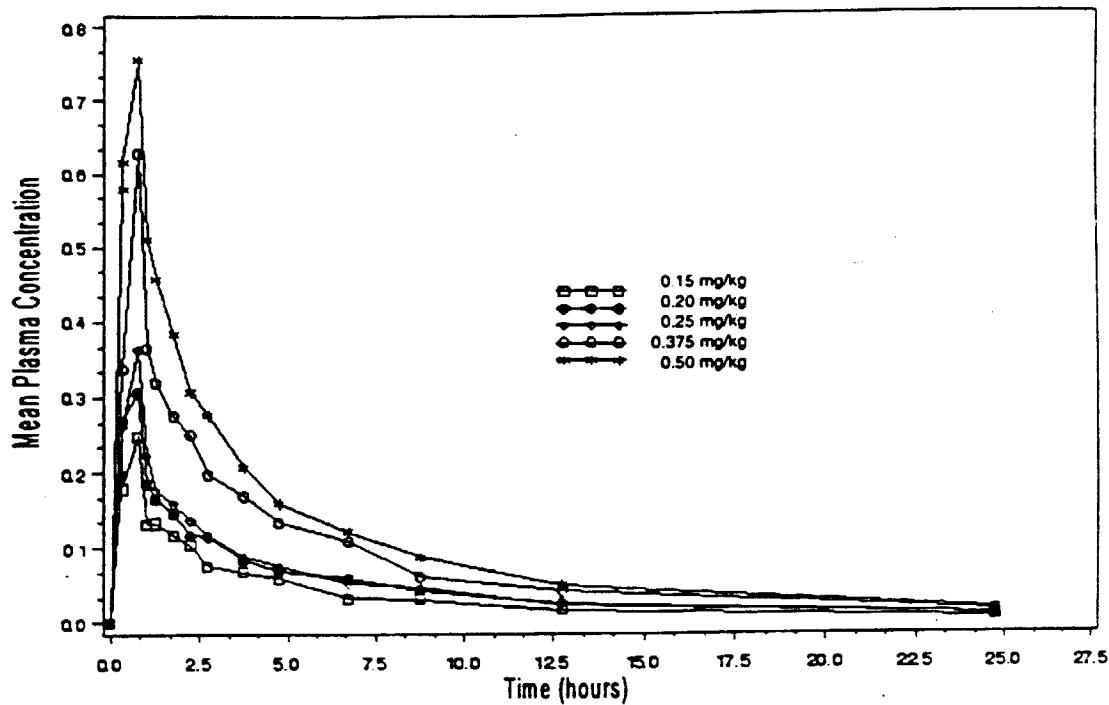
**Plasma Concentration Versus Time Profiles
of Regioisomer BPD-MA₀ Following a 45-Minute IV Infusion Of Verteporfin
(Linear Scale)**



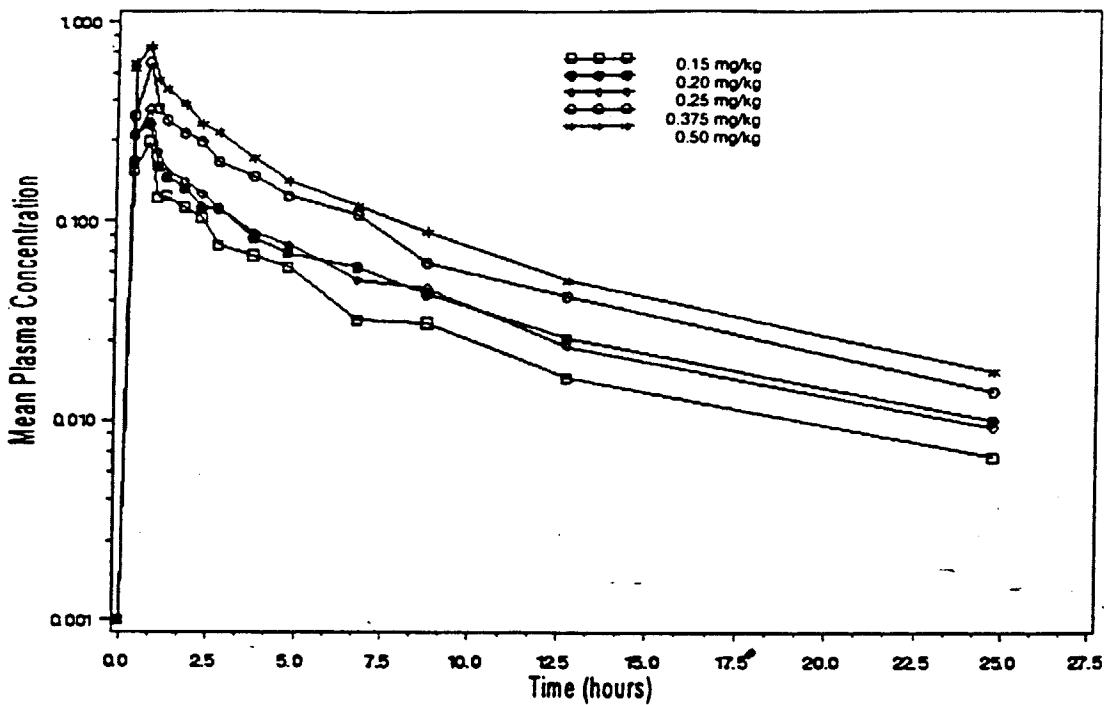
**Plasma Concentration Versus Time Profiles
of Regioisomer BPD-MA₀ Following a 45-Minute IV Infusion Of Verteporfin
(Semi-Log Scale)**

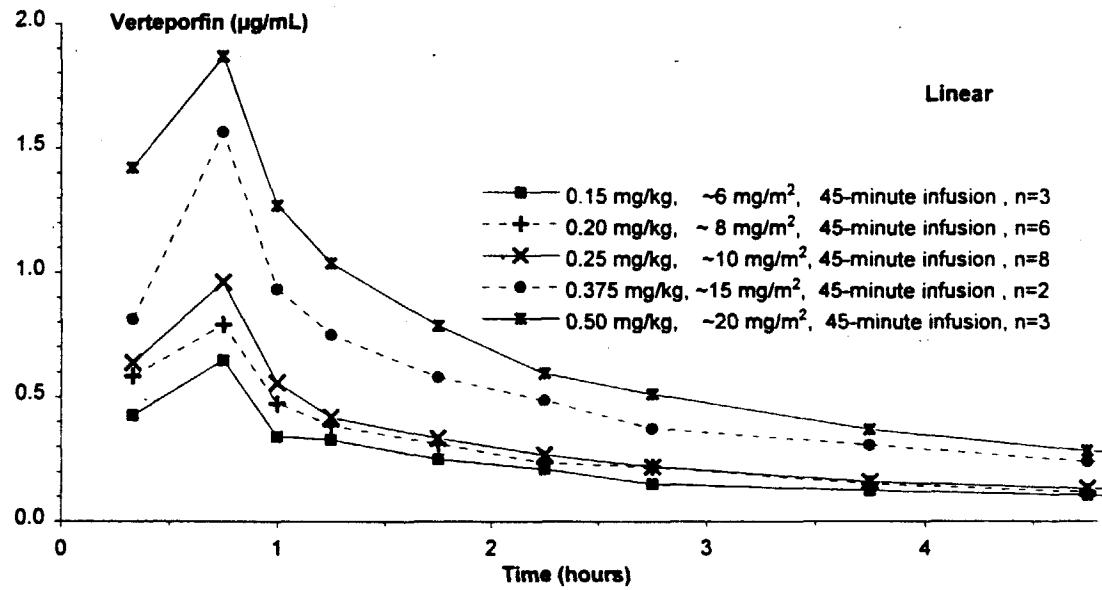


**Plasma Concentration Versus Time Profiles
of Regioisomer BPD-MA_C Following a 45-Minute IV Infusion Of Verteporfin
(Linear Scale)**

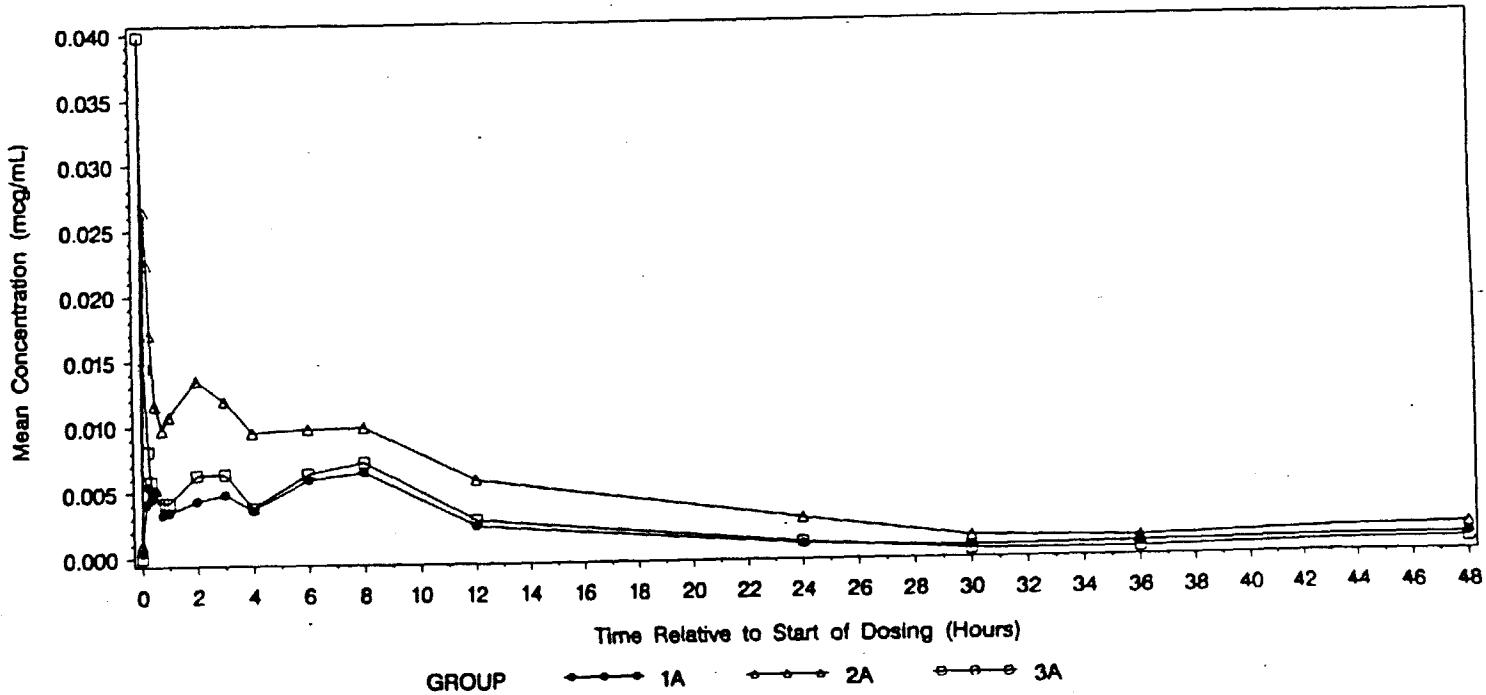


**Plasma Concentration Versus Time Profiles
of Regioisomer BPD-MA_C Following a 45-Minute IV Infusion Of Verteporfin
(Semi-Log Scale)**



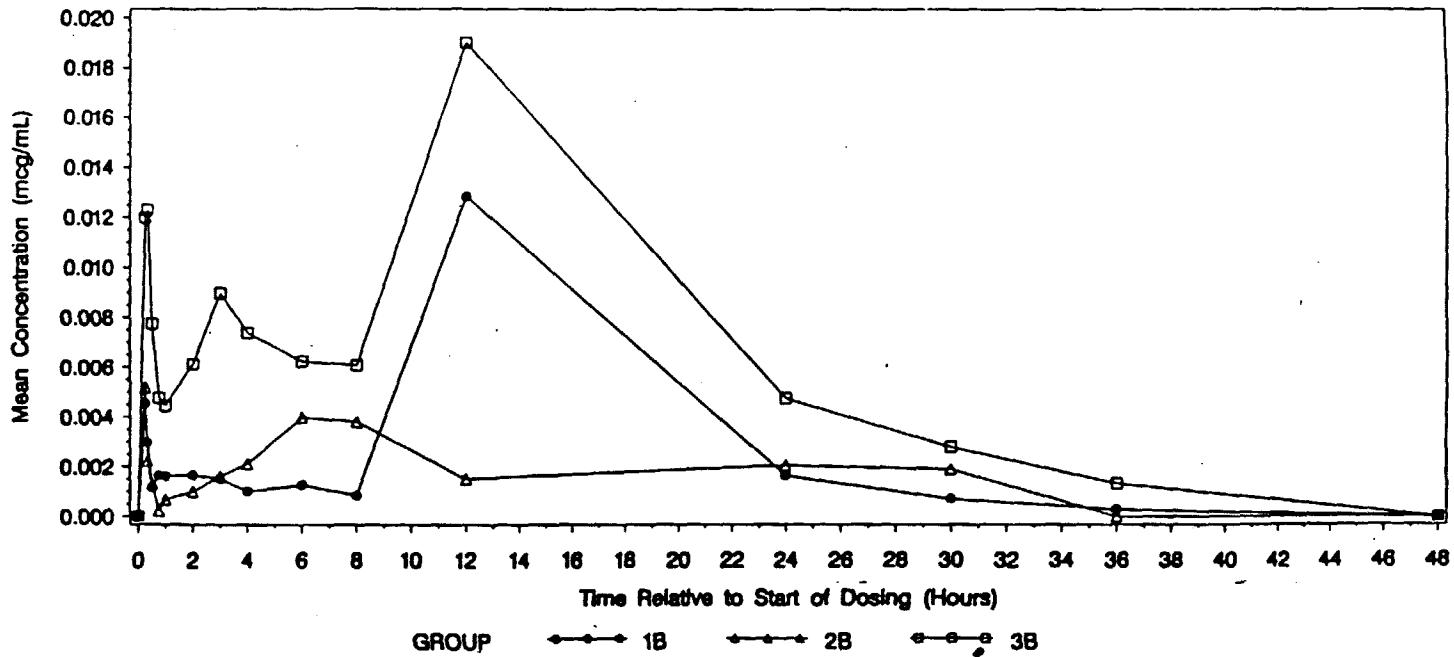


Mean Plasma Concentrations Versus Time Curve
(Caucasian)
Assay for BPD-DA



Note: Group 1A received Verteoporfin for injection 6 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.
 Group 2A received Verteoporfin for injection 14 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.
 Group 3A received Verteoporfin for injection 6 mg/m² administered as an intravenous bolus over 1.5 - 2 minutes.

Mean Plasma Concentrations Versus Time Curve
(Japanese)
Assay for BPD-DA



Group 1B received Verteoporfin for injection 3 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.
 Group 2B received Verteoporfin for injection 6 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.
 Group 3B received Verteoporfin for injection 14 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.

Urinary excretion (Caucasian Subjects)

Appendix A.2.15
Summary Statistics for Verteporfin for Injection Urinary Excretion (mcg) by Collection Interval
Assay for BPD-MAC

Collection Interval	Group 1A	Group 2A	Group 3A
Predose (-1 Hour)			
N	0	0	0
Mean (SD)			
Median			
Range			
CV			
0-6 Hours			
N	12	12	8
Mean (SD)	0.05 (0.160)	0.17 (0.443)	0.19 (0.432)
Median	0.00	0.00	0.00
Range	300.65	267.51	231.92
CV			
6-12 Hours			
N	12	12	8
Mean (SD)	0.00 (0.000)	0.00 (0.000)	0.07 (0.195)
Median	0.00	0.00	0.00
Range			
CV			
12-24 Hours			
N	0	0	0
Mean (SD)			
Median			

Summary Statistics for Verteporfin for Injection Urinary Excretion (mcg) by Collection Interval
Assay for BPD-MAC

Collection Interval	Group 1A	Group 2A	Group 3A
Predose (-1 Hour)			
N	0	0	0
Mean (SD)			
Median			
Range			
CV			
0-6 Hours			
N	12	12	8
Mean (SD)	0.00 (0.000)	0.00 (0.000)	0.00 (0.000)
Median	0.00	0.00	0.00
Range			
CV			
6-12 Hours			
N	12	12	8
Mean (SD)	0.00 (0.000)	0.00 (0.000)	0.00 (0.000)
Median	0.00	0.00	0.00
Range			
CV			
12-24 Hours			
N	0	0	0
Mean (SD)			
Median			
Range			
CV			
24-36 Hours			
N	0	0	0
Mean (SD)			
Median			
Range			
CV			

Note: Group 1A received Verteporfin for Injection 6 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.
 Group 2A received Verteporfin for Injection 14 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.
 Group 3A received Verteporfin for Injection 6 mg/m² administered as an intravenous bolus over 1.5-2 minutes.
 SD = Standard deviation

Appendix A.2.11
Summary Statistics for Verteporfin for Injection Urinary Excretion (mcg) by Collection Interval
Assay for BPD-DA

Collection Interval	Group 1A	Group 2A	Group 3A
Predose (-1 Hour)			
N	0	0	0
Mean (SD)			
Median			
Range			
CV			
0-6 Hours			
N	12	12	8
Mean (SD)	0.13 (0.290)	0.13 (0.316)	0.06 (0.181)
Median	0.00	0.00	0.00
Range			
CV	226.15	237.68	282.84
6-12 Hours			
N	12	12	8
Mean (SD)	0.18 (0.344)	0.28 (0.350)	0.14 (0.273)
Median	0.00	0.21	0.00
Range			
CV	188.96	123.62	193.77
12-24 Hours	0	0	0
24-36 Hours	0	0	0
N			
Mean (SD)			
Median			
Range			
CV			

Note: Group 1A received Verteporfin for Injection 6 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.
 Group 2A received Verteporfin for Injection 14 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.
 Group 3A received Verteporfin for Injection 6 mg/m² administered as an intravenous bolus over 1.5-2 minutes.
 SD = Standard deviation

QLT Phototherapeutics, Inc.
Protocol: BPD PK 001A
Report Number: CR-98010
Drug: Verteporfin for Injection
All Caucasian Subjects
(Page 1 of 1)

Appendix A.2.33.1

Summary Statistics and Biostatistical Assessment of Group Effect for Verteporfin for Injection
Urinary Excretion Parameters for Caucasian Subjects

	Assay for BPD-MAc			P-value [a]	Assay for BPD-MAd			P-value [a]
	Group 1A	Group 2A	Group 3A		Group 1A	Group 2A	Group 3A	
CUE (0-12) (mcg)								
N	12	12	8	0.965[a]	12	12	8	----[a]
Mean (SD)	0.05 (0.16)	0.17 (0.44)	0.26 (0.49)	0.544[b]	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00)	----[b]
Median	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	
Range								
CV	300.65	267.51	190.31					
Rmax (mcg/hr)								
N	12	12	8	0.965[a]	12	12	8	----[a]
Mean (SD)	0.01 (0.03)	0.03 (0.07)	0.04 (0.08)	0.620[b]	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00)	----[b]
Median	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	
Range								
CV	300.65	267.51	202.22					

Note: Group 1A received Verteporfin for Injection 6 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.

Group 2A received Verteporfin for Injection 14 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.

Group 3A received Verteporfin for Injection 6 mg/m² administered as an intravenous bolus over 1.5-2 minutes.

[a] P-values were calculated using a Wilcoxon Rank Sum test for a difference between Group 1A and Group 2A (dose comparison).

[b] P-values were calculated using a Wilcoxon Rank Sum test for a difference between Group 1A and Group 3A (regimen comparison).

QLT Phototherapeutics, Inc.
Protocol: BPD PK 001A
Report Number: CR-98010
Drug: Verteporfin for Injection
All Caucasian Subjects
(Page 1 of 1)

Appendix A.2.33.2

**Summary Statistics and Biostatistical Assessment of Group Effect for Verteporfin for Injection
Urinary Excretion Parameters for Caucasian Subjects**

Assay for BPD-DA				
	Group 1A	Group 2A	Group 3A	P-value
CUE (0-12) (mcg)				
N	12	12	8	0.537[a]
Mean (SD)	0.31 (0.53)	0.42 (0.58)	0.20 (0.44)	0.497[b]
Median	0.00	0.21	0.00	
Range	172.00	139.80	213.64	
CV				
Rmax (mcg)				
N	12	12	8	0.497[a]
Mean (SD)	0.04 (0.06)	0.06 (0.07)	0.02 (0.05)	0.442[b]
Median	0.00	0.03	0.00	
Range	150.10	119.79	193.99	
CV				

Note: Group 1A received Verteporfin for Injection 6 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.

Group 2A received Verteporfin for Injection 14 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.

Group 3A received Verteporfin for Injection 6 mg/m² administered as an intravenous bolus over 1.5-2 minutes.

[a] P-values were calculated using a Wilcoxon Rank Sum test for a difference between Group 1A and Group 2A (dose comparison).

[b] P-values were calculated using a Wilcoxon Rank Sum test for a difference between Group 1A and Group 3A (regimen comparison).

Urinary Excretion (Japanese Subjects)

Appendix A.2.18

Summary Statistics for Verteporfin for Injection Urinary Excretion (mcg) by Collection Interval
Assay for BPD-MAc

Collection Interval	Group 1B	Group 2B	Group 3B
Predose (-1 Hour)			
N	0	0	0
Mean (SD)			
Median			
Range			
CV			
0-6 Hours			
N	8	8	8
Mean (SD)	0.03 (0.095)	0.03 (0.090)	0.23 (0.297)
Median	0.00	0.00	0.17
Range			
CV			
	282.84	282.84	127.07
6-12 Hours			
N	8	8	8
Mean (SD)	0.00 (0.000)	0.00 (0.000)	0.00 (0.000)
Median	0.00	0.00	0.00
Range			
CV			
12-24 Hours			
N	0	0	0
Mean (SD)			
Median			

Summary Statistics for Verteporfin for Injection Urinary Excretion (mcg) by Collection Interval
Assay for BPD-MAd

Collection Interval	Group 1B	Group 2B	Group 3B
Predose (-1 Hour)			
N	0	0	0
Mean (SD)			
Median			
Range			
CV			
0-6 Hours			
N	8	8	8
Mean (SD)	0.00 (0.000)	0.00 (0.000)	0.00 (0.000)
Median	0.00	0.00	0.00
Range			
CV			
6-12 Hours			
N	6	8	8
Mean (SD)	0.00 (0.000)	0.00 (0.000)	0.00 (0.000)
Median	0.00	0.00	0.00
Range			
CV			
12-24 Hours			
N	0	0	0
Mean (SD)			
Median			
Range			
CV			
24-36 Hours			
N	0	0	0
Mean (SD)			
Median			
Range			
CV			

Note: Group 1B received Verteporfin for Injection 3 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.
 Group 2B received Verteporfin for Injection 6 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.
 Group 3B received Verteporfin for Injection 14 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.
 SD = Standard deviation

Appendix A.2.33.4
 Summary Statistics and Biostatistical Assessment of Group Effect for Verteporfin for Injection
 Urinary Excretion Parameters for Japanese Subjects

Assay for BPD-DA				P-value [a]
Group 1B	Group 2B	Group 3B		
CUE (0-12) (mcg)				
N	8	8	8	0.098
Mean (SD)	0.13 (0.24)	0.30 (0.29)	0.85 (0.89)	
Median	0.00	0.31	0.58	
Range				
CV	165.40	96.37	104.35	
RMAX (mcg/hr)				
N	8	8	8	0.089
Mean (SD)	0.02 (0.03)	0.05 (0.05)	0.10 (0.10)	
Median	0.00	0.05	0.07	
Range				
CV	191.99	99.11	100.18	

Note: Group 1B received Verteporfin for Injection 3 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.

Group 2B received Verteporfin for Injection 6 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.

Group 3B received Verteporfin for Injection 14 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.

[a] P-values were calculated using a Kruskal-Wallis test testing for a difference between treatments.

Appendix A.2.33.3
Summary Statistics and Biostatistical Assessment of Group Effect for Verteporfin for Injection
Urinary Excretion Parameters for Japanese Subjects

	Assay for BPD-MAc			P-value [a]	Assay for BPD-MAd			P-value [a]
	Group 1B	Group 2B	Group 3B		Group 1B	Group 2B	Group 3B	
CUE (0-12) (mcg)								
N	8	8	8		8	8	8	
Mean (SD)	0.03 (0.09)	0.03 (0.09)	0.23 (0.30)	0.061	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00)	
Median	0.00	0.00	0.17		0.00	0.00	0.00	
Range								
CV	282.84	282.84	127.07					
RMAX (mcg/hr)								
N	8	8	8		8	8	8	
Mean (SD)	0.01 (0.02)	0.01 (0.01)	0.04 (0.05)	0.061	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00)	0.00 (0.00)	
Median	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	
Range								
CV	282.84	282.84	127.07					

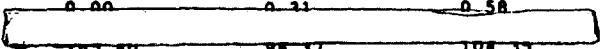
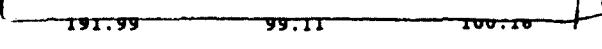
Note: Group 1B received Verteporfin for Injection 3 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.

Group 2B received Verteporfin for Injection 6 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.

Group 3B received Verteporfin for Injection 14 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.

[a] P-values were calculated using a Kruskal-Wallis test testing for a difference between treatments.

Appendix A.2.33.4
**Summary Statistics and Biostatistical Assessment of Group Effect for Verteporfin for Injection
Urinary Excretion Parameters for Japanese Subjects**

Assay for BPD-DA			P-value [a]
Group 1B	Group 2B	Group 3B	
CUE (0-12) (mcg)			
N	8	8	8
Mean (SD)	0.13 (0.24)	0.30 (0.29)	0.65 (0.89)
Median	0.00	0.21	0.58
Range			
CV	165.40	96.51	104.33
RMAX (mcg/hr)			
N	8	8	8
Mean (SD)	0.02 (0.03)	0.05 (0.05)	0.10 (0.10)
Median	0.00	0.05	0.07
Range			
CV	191.99	99.11	100.10

Note: Group 1B received Verteporfin for Injection 3 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.

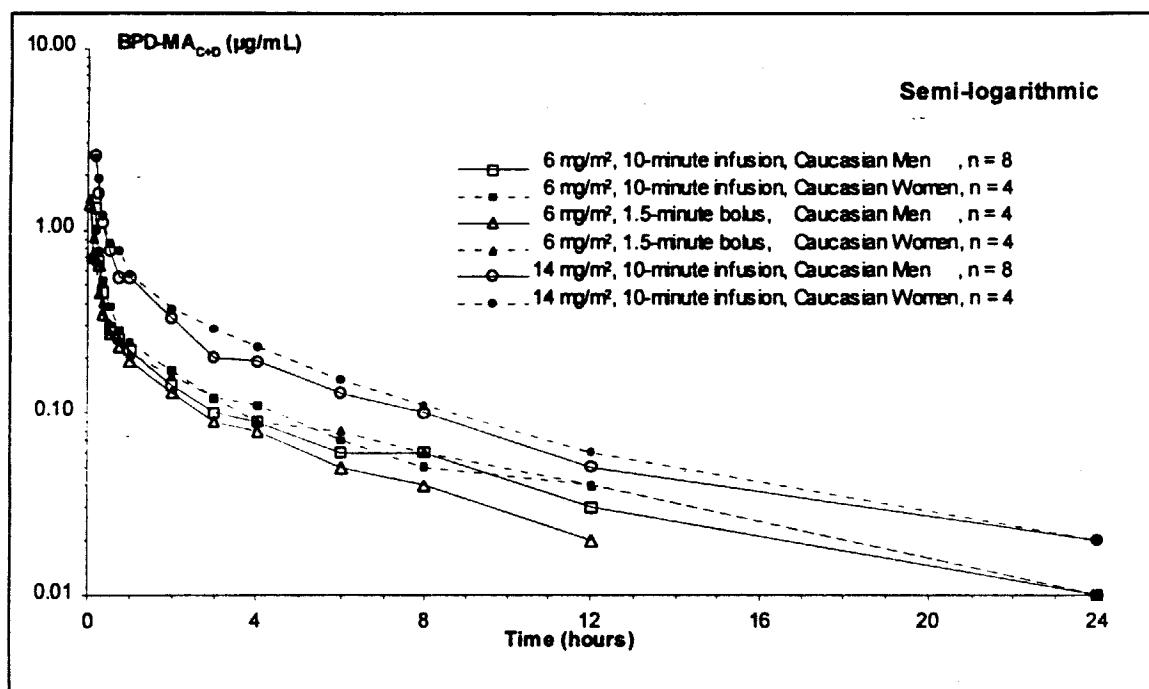
Group 2B received Verteporfin for Injection 6 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.

Group 3B received Verteporfin for Injection 14 mg/m² infused over 10 minutes.

(a) P-values were calculated using a Kruskal-Wallis test testing for a difference between treatments.

Effect Of Gender

Semi-logarithmic plot of mean verteporfin concentrations in healthy Caucasian men and women



Effect of Race

Appendix A.2.25A. BPD-MAC and BPD-MAD Race Pharmacokinetic Comparison

Pharmacokinetic Parameters	Mean (Coefficient of Variation)								Race Effect ^a	Race by Dose Interaction ^a		
	Study A – Caucasian				Study B – Japanese							
	6 mg/m ² 10-min inf. Men (n=8)	14 mg/m ² 10-min inf. Men (n=8)	6 mg/m ² 10-min inf. Men (n=8)	14 mg/m ² 10-min inf. Men (n=8)	P value	P value						
BPD-MAC												
AUC _{0-t} ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{h}/\text{mL}$)	0.78 (25%)	1.67 (24%)	0.89 (15%)	2.54 (26%)	.001 ^c 6 mg: .170 14 mg: .004				.097 ^c			
AUC _{inf} ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{h}/\text{mL}$)	0.83 ^b (23%)	1.69 (24%)	0.92 (15%)	2.57 (26%)	.002 ^c 6 mg: .282 14 mg: .004				.062 ^c			
C _{max} ($\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$)	0.49 (29%)	0.93 (58%)	0.55 (11%)	1.27 (20%)	.022 ^c .110				.334 ^c			
CL ($\text{mL}\cdot\text{h}^{-1}\cdot\text{kg}^{-1}$)	92.5 ^b (18%)	110.5 (21%)	97.2 (22%)	80.4 (30%)	.6 mg: .646 14 mg: .022				.033			
V _{ss} (L/kg)	0.62 ^b (23%)	0.73 (30%)	0.62 (13%)	0.56 (22%)	.123 6 mg: .973 14 mg: .074				.132			
t _{max} (h)	0.18 (17%)	0.20 (23%)	0.17 (0%)	0.17 (0%)	.011 ^d				.120 ^d			
K _{el} (1/h)	0.13 ^b (7%)	0.12 (9%)	0.13 (14%)	0.13 (16%)	.777				.508			
t _{1/2} (h)	5.37 ^b (7%)	5.80 (9%)	5.53 (15%)	5.66 (18%)	.968				.570			
BPD-MAD												
AUC _{0-t} ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{h}/\text{mL}$)	0.69 (24%)	1.54 (24%)	0.81 (20%)	2.36 (31%)	.003 ^c 6 mg: .188 14 mg: .008				.171 ^c			
AUC _{inf} ($\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{h}/\text{mL}$)	0.76 ^b (20%)	1.57 (24%)	0.83 (19%)	2.38 (31%)	.007 ^c 6 mg: .386 14 mg: .009				.081 ^c			
C _{max} ($\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$)	0.74 (26%)	1.52 (49%)	0.77 (11%)	1.87 (20%)	.117 ^c .244				.320 ^c			
CL ($\text{mL}\cdot\text{h}^{-1}\cdot\text{kg}^{-1}$)	100.7 ^b (19%)	119.2 (21%)	108.8 (26%)	88.7 (34%)	.6 mg: .529 14 mg: .045				.049			
V _{ss} (L/kg)	0.51 ^b (25%)	0.63 (32%)	0.52 (10%)	0.48 (20%)	.170 6 mg: .739 14 mg: .078				.089			
t _{max} (h)	0.18 (17%)	0.20 (23%)	0.17 (0%)	0.17 (0%)	.011 ^d				.120 ^d			
K _{el} (1/h)	0.13 ^b (29%)	0.11 (13%)	0.12 (26%)	0.11 (13%)	.828				.583			
t _{1/2} (h)	5.67 ^b (25%)	6.40 (12%)	5.97 (24%)	6.23 (13%)	.874				.564			

Data from Appendices A.2.25, 26, 29, and 30. Gender effect P values for individual dose groups from Appendices B.1.9, 10, 13, and 14.

a. Two-factor (race and dose) ANOVA with race-by-dose group interaction term; when the interaction was significant, the race difference is also presented separately for each dose level.

b. n = 7.

c. P values for C_{max} and AUC calculated from log-transformed data.

d. For t_{max}, a two-way ANOVA by ranks was performed with race, dose group and race-by-dose group as factors.

NDA: 21-119

Volume 2.27-2.31

Study Type: PK In patients with mild hepatic dysfunction

Study #BPD PK 004

Study Title: Tolerance and safety evaluation of intravenous benzoporphyrin derivative mono-acid in healthy volunteers and in subjects with mild hepatic dysfunction.

Clinical Site		Study Site		Analytical Site	
				Lab Pharmacological research, Quebec, Canada	

Single Dose	Multiple Dose	Washout Period	Cross-over	Parallel	Other Design	Fasted/Fed	No. of fasted hrs.
X						fasted	10 hrs before and 2 hrs after dose

Subject Category							
Normal	Patients	Young	Elderly	Renal	Hepatic		
X=8		X			X=12		
Subject Type							
Males=11			Females=6				
Age (yrs)	Weight (kg)		Age	Weight			
29-60(M= 39)	46-101 (M=72) N=50-99 HD=46-101		29-60(M= 39)	46-101 (M=72) N=50-99 HD=46-101			
Subject Treatment Group							
Group No.	Total No.	Males	Females				
Hepatic	9	7	2				
Healthy	8	4	4				

Treatment Group	Dose	Dosage Form	Strength	Lot #
hepatic	12 mg/m ² -45 min	Inj (infusion)	0.3 mg/kg or 2 mg/ml	PQ002-94
healthy	12 mg/m ² -45 min	Inj (infusion)	0.3 mg/kg or 2 mg/ml	PQ002-94

Sampling Times

Plasma: predose, 15, 30, 45, 60, 75 and 90 mins and 2, 3, 4.5, 6, 8, 12, and 24 hrs after start of infusion

APPENDIX E.2.11
Plasma Verteporfin Concentrations (µg/mL)
Observed Data by Participant Status

----- Hepatic Impaired Patients -----

Participant	pre-dose	0.25 hour	0.50 hour	0.75 hour	1.00 hour	1.25 hours
3	0.0000	0.3862	1.5568	1.6802*	1.1188	1.1044
4	0.0000	0.4537	1.0674	1.0436	0.6704	0.4887
7	0.0000	0.3211	0.9026	0.9595	0.6386	0.5312
8	0.0000	0.7017	1.9267	2.1652	1.2033	0.9331
11	0.0000	0.3579	0.8025	1.0580	0.7657	0.5594
12	0.0000	0.6653	1.1734	1.4957	0.8520	0.7223
13	0.0000	0.3809	0.8208	0.9673	0.5356	0.3893
14	0.0000	0.3367**	1.5093***	1.7322	1.6922	1.5723
15	0.0000	1.5179**	1.5413****	1.5502**	1.0866**	0.8317
MEAN	0.0000	0.5690	1.2557	1.4058	0.9515	0.7925
STD	0.0000	0.3823	0.3950	0.4230	0.3627	0.3723
CV		67.1869	31.4581	30.0870	38.1234	46.9819
Participant	1.50 hours	2.00 hours	3.00 hours	4.50 hours	6.00 hours	
3	1.0502	0.6188	0.6846	0.3674	0.3471	
4	0.3758	0.3168	0.2208	0.1589	0.1354	
7	0.4472	0.3270	0.2226	0.1705	0.1179	
8	0.7875	0.7980	0.5209	0.3769	0.2597	
11	0.6271	0.4254	0.3313	0.2129	0.1925	
12	0.7211	0.5355	0.3290	0.2954	0.2284	
13	0.3366	0.2820	0.2455	0.1711	0.1284	
14	1.2402	0.8639	0.7486	0.4489	0.2902	
15	0.7146	0.5095	0.4588	0.3130	0.1996	
MEAN	0.7000	0.5197	0.3958	0.2794	0.2110	
STD	0.3019	0.2091	0.1746	0.1060	0.0784	
CV	43.1267	40.2382	44.1067	37.9350	37.1381	
Participant	8.00 hours	12.00 hours	24.00 hours			
3	0.1323+	0.2097	0.1067			
4	0.0975	0.0632	0.0189			
7	0.0910	0.0633	0.0180			
8	0.1895	0.1547	0.0497✓			
11	0.1348	0.0662	0.0206			
12	0.1791	0.0693	0.0245			
13	0.0904	0.0485	0.0159			
14	0.2333	0.1476	0.0403			
15	0.1630	0.0605	0.0120			
MEAN	0.1457	0.0981	0.0341			
STD	0.0496	0.0573	0.0299			
CV	34.0470	58.3912	87.6715			

* This value has been entered at the time specified + 6 minutes in the data set used for statistical analyses (late blood draw).

** This value has been entered at the time specified + 2 minutes in the data set used for statistical analyses (late blood draw).

*** This value has been entered at the time specified + 3 minutes in the data set used for statistical analyses (late blood draw).

**** This value has been entered at the time specified + 4 minutes in the data set used for statistical analyses (late blood draw).

+ This value represents CL315555 concentration. CL315585 concentration was not reportable.

APPENDIX E.2.12
Plasma Verteporfin Concentrations (µg/mL)
Observed Data by Participant Status

----- Subjects = Normal Liver Function -----

Participant	pre-dose	0.25 hour	0.50 hour	0.75 hour	1.00 hour	1.25 hours
1	0.0000	0.0782	1.0865	0.6237*	0.5906**	0.5096
2	0.0000	0.3120	0.8192	0.4929***	0.4206	0.4063
5	0.0000	0.4918	1.5812***	1.0045	0.6689	0.5857
6	0.0000	0.5222	1.0569+	1.5054	0.8154	0.7684
9	0.0000	0.5160	0.9524	0.9351	0.5670	0.4856
10	0.0000	0.1368	0.8551	1.4192	0.4640	0.4524
19	0.0000	0.8416	1.4440	2.0798	1.4671	0.8356
20	0.0000	0.6758	1.3322	1.5779	0.6392	0.6142
MEAN	0.0000	0.4468	1.1409	1.2048	0.7041	0.5822
STD	0.0000	0.2594	0.2811	0.5343	0.3316	0.1523
CV		58.0557	24.6345	44.3487	47.0956	26.1550
Participant	1.50 hours	2.00 hours	3.00 hours	4.50 hours	6.00 hours	
1	0.4453	0.3515	0.1813	0.1390	0.0941	
2	0.3533	0.2777	0.1857	0.1422	0.0908	
5	0.4982****	0.5171	0.2955	0.2265	0.1860	
6	0.6855	0.4919	0.3319	0.2654	0.1875	
9	0.4026	0.3143	0.2601	0.1803	0.1302	
10	0.4217	0.3321	0.2404	0.1590	0.1112	
19	0.7212	0.5345	0.3982	0.3436	0.1888	
20	0.5954	0.4058	0.2877	0.2521	0.1808	
MEAN	0.5154	0.4031	0.2726	0.2135	0.1462	
STD	0.1366	0.0996	0.0728	0.0717	0.0440	
CV	26.5119	24.7064	26.7091	33.5815	30.1142	
Participant	8.00 hours	12.00 hours	24.00 hours			
1	0.0802	0.0416	0.0064			
2	0.0582	0.0379	0.0057			
5	0.1345	0.0728	0.0252			
6	0.1521	0.0679	0.0208			
9	0.1172	0.0625	0.0144			
10	0.0948	0.0476	0.0057			
19	0.1270	0.0625	0.0219			
20	0.1012	0.0690	0.0000			
MEAN	0.1082	0.0577	0.0125			
STD	0.0306	0.0134	0.0093			
CV	28.3282	23.2285	74.3855			

* This value has been entered at the time specified + 14 minutes in the data set used for statistical analyses (late blood draw).

** This value has been entered at the time specified + 2 minutes in the data set used for statistical analyses (late blood draw).

*** This value has been entered at the time specified + 9 minutes in the data set used for statistical analyses (late blood draw).

**** This value has been entered at the time specified + 4 minutes in the data set used for statistical analyses (late blood draw).

+ This value has been entered at the time specified - 2 minutes in the data set used for statistical analyses (early blood draw).

APPENDIX E.2.13
Bioavailability Parameters of Verteporfin
Observed Results by Participant Status

----- Hepatic Impaired Patients -----

Participant	AUC0-t (μ·hr/mL)	AUCinf (μ·hr/mL)	AUC0-t/ AUCinf	Cmax (μg/mL)	Vss (L/kg)	Tmax (hours)	Kel (1/hours)	Halflife (hours)
3*	6.82			1.6802	0.3034	0.85		
4	2.97	3.15	0.94	1.0674	0.5033	0.50	0.1085	6.38
7	2.88	3.04	0.95	0.9595	0.5249	0.75	0.1092	6.35
8	6.40	6.92	0.93	2.1652	0.2531	0.75	0.0962	7.20
11	3.57	3.74	0.95	1.0580	0.4181	0.75	0.1222	5.67
12	4.39	4.58	0.96	1.4957	0.3228	0.75	0.1279	5.42
13	2.65	2.79	0.95	0.9673	0.5464	0.75	0.1188	5.83
14	7.00	7.35	0.95	1.7322	0.2174	0.75	0.1169	5.93
15	4.71	4.79	0.98	1.5502	0.2446	0.78	0.1641	4.22
MEAN	4.60	4.54	0.95	1.4084	0.3704	0.74	0.1205	5.88
STD	1.75	1.75	0.02	0.4205	0.1297	0.09	0.0201	0.86
CV	38.02	38.57	1.74	29.8540	35.0050	12.9	16.709	14.71

----- Subjects = Normal Liver Function -----

Participant	AUC0-t (μ·hr/mL)	AUCinf (μ·hr/mL)	AUC0-t/ AUCinf	Cmax (μg/mL)	Vss (L/kg)	Tmax (hours)	Kel (1/hours)	Halflife (hours)
1	2.42	2.47	0.98	1.0865	0.5114	0.50	0.1545	4.49
2	2.10	2.14	0.98	0.8192	0.6015	0.50	0.1581	4.38
5	3.79	4.02	0.94	1.5812	0.3963	0.65	0.1119	6.19
6	4.07	4.24	0.96	1.5054	0.3402	0.75	0.1281	5.41
9	3.01	3.13	0.96	0.9524	0.4881	0.50	0.1275	5.44
10	2.67	2.71	0.99	1.4192	0.4746	0.75	0.1689	4.10
19	4.69	4.86	0.97	2.0798	0.2571	0.75	0.1305	5.31
20	3.23	3.64	0.89	1.5779	0.2722	0.75	0.1703	4.07
MEAN	3.25	3.40	0.96	1.3777	0.4177	0.64	0.1437	4.92
STD	0.88	0.95	0.03	0.4088	0.1220	0.12	0.0219	0.77
CV	27.16	27.93	3.35	29.6754	29.2051	19.2	15.236	15.63

* No meaningful Kel, and therefore Halflife, AUCinf and AUC0-t/AUCinf, could be calculated for this subject.

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ON ORIGINAL

APPENDIX E.2.3
Project CP300
PHARMACOKINETIC PARAMETERS OF CL 315,855
Observed Results by participant status

----- Treatment=A:Patients -----

participant	AUC0-t ($\mu\text{g} \cdot \text{hr}/\text{mL}$)	AUCinf ($\mu\text{g} \cdot \text{hr}/\text{mL}$)	AUC0-t/ AUCinf	Cmax ($\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$)	Vss (L/kg)	Tmax (hours)	KEL (1/hours)	Halflife (hours)
3	3.17	4.19	0.76	0.6145	0.3622	0.50	0.0549	12.63
4	1.40	1.48	0.95	0.4063	0.5907	0.50	0.1148	6.04
7	1.49	1.56	0.96	0.3710	0.5462	0.75	0.1237	5.60
8	2.96	3.24	0.92	0.7581	0.2978	0.75	0.0947	7.32
11	1.86	1.95	0.95	0.4070	0.4419	0.75	0.1274	5.44
12	2.22	2.30	0.97	0.7137	0.3404	0.75	0.1396	4.97
13	1.37	1.45	0.95	0.3629	0.6025	0.75	0.1221	5.68
14	3.94	4.09	0.96	0.9611	0.1997	0.55	0.1310	6.29
15	2.58	2.67	0.97	0.8871	0.2595	0.57	0.1394	4.97
MEAN	2.33	2.55	0.93	0.6091	0.4045	0.65	0.1164	6.44
STD	0.90	1.08	0.07	0.2328	0.1481	0.12	0.0268	2.43
CV	38.55	42.38	7.22	36.2267	36.6219	18.1	23.028	37.74

----- Treatment=B:Normal Vol -----

participant	AUC0-t ($\mu\text{g} \cdot \text{hr}/\text{mL}$)	AUCinf ($\mu\text{g} \cdot \text{hr}/\text{mL}$)	AUC0-t/ AUCinf	Cmax ($\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$)	Vss (L/kg)	Tmax (hours)	KEL (1/hours)	Halflife (hours)
1	1.30	1.35	0.96	0.4306	0.5763	0.50	0.1267	5.47
2	1.18	1.23	0.97	0.3194	0.6355	0.50	0.1350	5.13
5	1.86	1.98	0.94	0.5965	0.4574	0.65	0.1116	6.21
6	1.96	2.04	0.96	0.5633	0.3905	0.75	0.1306	5.31
9	1.56	1.63	0.96	0.3551	0.5361	0.50	0.1290	5.37
10	1.41	1.45	0.97	0.5387	0.5383	0.75	0.1444	4.80
19	2.55	2.66	0.96	0.9353	0.2802	0.75	0.1312	5.28
20	1.69	1.99	0.85	0.5930	0.3160	0.75	0.1551	4.47
MEAN	1.69	1.79	0.95	0.5415	0.4663	0.64	0.1330	5.26
STD	0.44	0.47	0.04	0.1918	0.1275	0.12	0.0128	0.51
CV	25.95	26.24	4.18	35.4293	27.3509	19.2	9.6246	9.70

**APPEARS THIS WAY
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APPENDIX E.2.6
Project CP300
PHARMACOKINETIC PARAMETERS OF CL 315,585
Observed Results by participant status

----- Treatment=A:Patients -----

participant	AUC0-t ($\mu\text{g} \cdot \text{hr}/\text{mL}$)	AUCinf ($\mu\text{g} \cdot \text{hr}/\text{mL}$)	AUC0-t/ AUCinf	Cmax ($\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$)	Vss (L/kg)	Tmax (hours)	KEL (1/hours)	Halflife (hours)
3	4.17	4.84	0.86	1.1310	0.2310	0.85	0.0751	9.23
4	1.58	1.67	0.94	0.6779	0.4315	0.75	0.1019	6.80
7	1.39	1.49	0.93	0.5884	0.4988	0.75	0.0930	7.46
8	3.44	3.68	0.93	1.4071	0.2175	0.75	0.0978	7.09
11	1.70	1.78	0.95	0.6511	0.3878	0.75	0.1150	6.03
12	2.17	2.29	0.95	0.7820	0.3043	0.75	0.1159	5.98
13	1.28	1.34	0.95	0.6044	0.4801	0.75	0.1147	6.04
14	3.06	3.27	0.94	0.9918	0.2378	1.00	0.0990	7.00
15	1.98	2.09	0.95	0.9652	0.1850	0.78	0.2237	3.10
MEAN	2.31	2.60	0.93	0.8665	0.3304	0.79	0.1151	6.52
STD	1.01	1.19	0.03	0.2790	0.1211	0.08	0.0428	1.63
CV	43.96	47.48	3.10	32.1964	36.6462	10.7	37.137	25.02

----- Treatment=B:Normal Vol -----

participant	AUC0-t ($\mu\text{g} \cdot \text{hr}/\text{mL}$)	AUCinf ($\mu\text{g} \cdot \text{hr}/\text{mL}$)	AUC0-t/ AUCinf	Cmax ($\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$)	Vss (L/kg)	Tmax (hours)	KEL (1/hours)	Halflife (hours)
1	1.04	1.12	0.93	0.6559	0.3499	0.50	0.1784	3.88
2	0.84	0.91	0.93	0.4998	0.4259	0.50	0.1892	3.66
5	1.93	2.03	0.95	0.9847	0.3395	0.65	0.1123	6.17
6	2.12	2.20	0.96	0.9421	0.2964	0.75	0.1251	5.54
9	1.45	1.50	0.97	0.5994	0.4313	0.75	0.1253	5.53
10	1.15	1.25	0.92	0.8804	0.3249	0.75	0.1860	3.73
19	2.14	2.20	0.97	1.1445	0.2195	0.75	0.1294	5.36
20	1.54	1.66	0.93	0.9850	0.2181	0.75	0.1949	3.56
MEAN	1.53	1.61	0.94	0.8365	0.3257	0.68	0.1551	4.68
STD	0.50	0.50	0.02	0.2249	0.0808	0.11	0.0349	1.07
CV	32.79	31.16	2.26	26.8900	24.8007	16.8	22.509	22.84

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APPENDIX E.2.15
(ln-transformed) Bioavailability Parameters of Verteporfin
Observed Results by Participant Status

----- Hepatic Impaired Patients -----

Participant	AUC0-t	AUCinf	Cmax
3*	1.92		0.52
4	1.09	1.15	0.07
7	1.06	1.11	-.04
8	1.86	1.93	0.77
11	1.27	1.32	0.06
12	1.48	1.52	0.40
13	0.98	1.03	-.03
14	1.95	1.99	0.55
15	1.55	1.57	0.44
MEAN	1.46	1.45	0.30
STD	0.38	0.37	0.30
CV	26.3	25.4	97.9

----- Subjects = Normal Liver Function -----

Participant	AUC0-t	AUCinf	Cmax
1	0.89	0.90	0.08
2	0.74	0.76	-.20
5	1.33	1.39	0.46
6	1.40	1.44	0.41
9	1.10	1.14	-.05
10	0.98	1.00	0.35
19	1.55	1.58	0.73
20	1.17	1.29	0.46
MEAN	1.15	1.19	0.28
STD	0.27	0.29	0.31
CV	23.8	24.2	110

* No meaningful Kel. and therefore AUCinf, could be calculated for this subject.

Demographic Data For All Subjects

Subject Number	Hepatic Function	Sex	At Screening			
			Age (years)	Height (cm)	Weight (kg)	Body-frame
1	Normal	F	38	167	54	Small
2	Normal	F	37	155	57	Small
3	Mild Impairment	F	47	154	62	Medium
4	Mild Impairment	M	40	171	81	Medium
5	Normal	M	46	188	99	Medium
6	Normal	M	32	187	90	Medium
7	Mild Impairment	M	29	189	84	Medium
8	Mild Impairment	M	42	185	101	Large
9	Normal	M	33	163	65	Medium
10	Normal	M	39	165	67	Medium
11	Mild Impairment	M	39	181	72	Medium
12	Mild Impairment	M	36	189	85	Medium
13	Mild Impairment	M	36	172	73	Medium
14	Mild Impairment	M	34	172	62	Medium
15	Mild Impairment	F	37	146	46	Medium
19	Normal	F	60	167	69	Medium
20	Normal	F	48	157	50	Small

Clinical Pharmacology/Biopharmaceutics Review

NDA: 21-119

SUBMISSION DATE: 8/16/99, 10/12/99

NDA TYPE: 1P

PRODUCT: VISUDYNE™
(Verteporfin for injection, 15 mg)

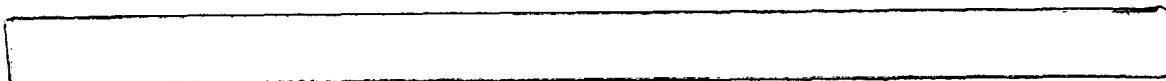
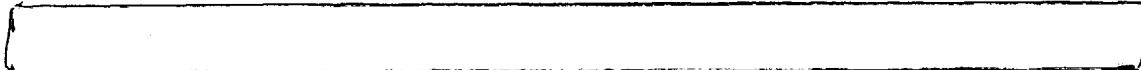
SPONSOR: QLT Phototherapeutics Inc. REVIEWER: Veneeta Tandon, Ph.D.

Addendum to Review

(Additional labeling changes)

These labeling changes reflect the discussion held at the OCPB Briefing held for VISUDYNE on 1/11/2000.

1. Please replace last sentence in the first paragraph of "Pharmacokinetics" in the label with:



2. Please modify last sentence in the second paragraph of "Pharmacokinetics" in the label:

Change number from 0.004% to 0.01%

(Reason: 0.004% implies a level of high precision, which may not be justified by the sparse data)

3. Please replace second line after the comma in the third paragraph of "Pharmacokinetics" in the label with:



increased by approximately 20%.

/S/

- 1/2/2000

Veneeta Tandon, Ph.D.

Pharmacokineticist

Division of Pharmaceutical Evaluation III

Team Leader: E. Dennis Bashaw, Pharm. D. 1/2/2000

CC: NDA 21-119
HFD-550/Div File
HFD-550/CSO/Gorski
HFD-880(Bashaw/Tandon)
HFD-880(Lazor)
HFD-344(Viswanathan)
CDR ATTN: B.Murphy

APPEARS THIS WAY
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APPEARS THIS WAY
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